# INSTRUMENTAL METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

# **Course Educational Objectives:**

To make the student understand the advanced instrumentation available for chemical analysis.

## **Course Outcomes:**

After studying this course the student would be able to choose the instrument needed for analysis.

UNIT-I (12 Lectures)

#### AN INTRODUCTION TO INSTRUMENTAL METHODS:

Terms Associated With Chemical Analysis, Classification Of Instrumental Techniques, A Review Of The Important Considerations In Analytical Methods, Basic Functions of Instrumentation, Important Considerations in Evaluating an Instrumental Method.

#### **MEASUREMENTS, SIGNALS AND DATA:**

Introduction, Signal-to-Noise Ratio, Sensitivity and Detection Methods, Source of Noise, Hardware Techniques for Signal-to-Noise Enhancement, Software Techniques for Signal-to-Noise Enhancement, Evaluation of Results, Accuracy and Instrument Calibration, Chemometrics.

UNIT-II (12 Lectures)

# AN INTRODUCTION TO ABSORPTION AND EMISSION SPECTROSCOPY:

The Nature of Electromagnetic Radiation, The Electromagnetic Spectrum, Atomic Energy Levels, Molecular Electronic Energy Levels, Vibrational Energy Levels, Raman Effect, Lasers, Nuclear Spin Behaviour, Electron Spin Behaviour.

#### ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE SPECTROMETRY-INSTRUMENTATION:

Radiation Sources, Wave Length Selection, Cells and Sampling Devices, Detectors, Instruments for Absorption Photometry.

## **ULTRAVIOLET AND VISIBLE ABSORPTION METHODS:**

Fundamental Laws of Photometry, Spectrophotometric Accuracy, Photometric Precision, Quantitative Methodology, Differential or Expanded-Scale Spectroscopy.

UNIT-III (12 Lectures)

#### FLAME EMISSION AND ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY:

Introduction, Instrumentation for Flame Spectrometric Methods, Flame Emission Spectrometry, Atomic Absorption Spectrometry, Interference Associated with Flame and Furnaces, Applications, Comparison of FES and AAS.

#### **INFRARED SPECTROMETRY:**

Correlation of Infrared Spectra with Molecular Structure, Instrumentation, Sample Handling.

UNIT-IV (12 Lectures)

#### MASS SPECTROMETRY:

Sample Flow in a Mass Spectrometer, Inlet Sample System, Ionization Methods in Mass Spectrometry, Mass Analyzers, Ion-Collection System, Vacuum System, Isotope- Ratio Spectrometry, Correlation of Mass Spectra With Molecular Structure.

#### **GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY:**

Gas Chromatographs, Derivative Formation, Gas Chromatographic Columns, Liquid Phases and Column Selection, Detectors for Gas Chromatography.

# HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY:

HPLC Instrumentation, Mobile-Phase Delivery System, Sample Introduction, Separation Columns, Detectors.

#### X RAY DIFFRACTION:

General Principles, Braggs equation, Laue photographic method, Rotating

crystal method, Oscillating crystal method, Powder method, Interpretation of the Diffraction pattern, Applications of XRD.

UNIT-V (12 Lectures)

#### CHROMATOGRAPHY: GENERAL PRINCIPLES:

Classification of Chromatographic Methods, Chromatographic Behaviour of Solutes, Column Efficiency and Resolution, Column Processes and Band Broadening, Time of Analysis and Resolution, Quantitative Determinations.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J.A., and Settle, F.A., "Instrumental methods of analysis" CBS Publishers & Distributors, 7 Ed, 1986.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Srivastava. A.K. and. Jain, P.C, "Instrumental Approach to Chemical Analysis", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, S Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.
- 2. Chatwal. G. R., Anand, Sham K., "Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis" 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Himalaya Publishing House, 2005.

