



COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)

# GAYATRI VIDYA PARISHAD COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(AUTONOMOUS)

MADHURAWADA, VISAKHAPATNAM-530048  
AFFILIATED TO JNTU KAKINADA

## ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

REGULATIONS, COURSE STRUCTURE AND  
SYLLABI FOR B.TECH. (I TO VI SEMESTERS)  
UNDER AUTONOMOUS STATUS



ALL BRANCHES ARE ACCREDITED BY **NBA** OF AICTE  
ACCREDITED BY **NAAC** WITH 'A' GRADE WITH A **CGPA** OF **3.47/4.00**

2011 - 2012



*Prof. Allam Appa Rao, Vice Chancellor, JNTU-K  
launching the Autonomous System  
at Gayatri Vidya Parishad College of Engineering*



*Meeting of the Academic Council held on 15<sup>th</sup> May 2011*



# **GAYATRI VIDYA PARISHAD COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING**

**(AUTONOMOUS)**

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## **ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

**REGULATIONS, COURSE STRUCTURE AND**

**SYLLABI FOR B.TECH.**

**CHEMICAL ENGINEERING**

**UNDER AUTONOMOUS STATUS**

**(I TO VI SEMESTERS)**

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## *Vision*

*To evolve into and sustain as a Centre of  
Excellence in Technological Education  
and Research with a holistic approach.*

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## *Mission*

*To produce high quality engineering graduates with the requisite theoretical and practical knowledge and social awareness to be able to contribute effectively to the progress of the society through their chosen field of endeavour.*

*To undertake Research & Development, and extension activities in the fields of Science and Engineering in areas of relevance for immediate application as well as for strengthening or establishing fundamental knowledge.*

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## F O R E W O R D

*The G.V.P. College of Engineering has successfully completed two years of Autonomy and entered into third year with great confidence and vigor. The procedures and methods adopted in implementing the autonomy has drawn admiration from other institutes of same status.*

*At each step, a systematic feed back is taken from all the stake holders which helped to fine tune the academic activities so that the teaching learning process is more effective.*

*The support and encouragement from academicians from institutes of repute from within and outside the state in the form of members on the BOS, paper setters, valuers and other types of involvement has led us to maintain the standards. The moral support and encouragement from parent University gave a boost to march forward with great enthusiasm.*

*The regulations and course structure are reviewed and some flexibilities and modifications are incorporated to make the slow learners catch up with the rest. The syllabi for 5th,6th semesters is also prepared in the third meeting of the Board of Studies and approved by the Academic Council for implementation.*

*The students are advised to make the best use of the available resources and strive hard to achieve laurels on the personal as well as institutional levels.*

*On behalf of the Management and staff a warm welcome is extended to the new incumbents assuring a healthy academic environment.*

*Principal*

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# ***COURSE STRUCTURE***

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# ACADEMIC REGULATIONS

## (EFFECTIVE FOR 2011 ADMITTED BATCH)

### R 1.0 Qualification for Admission and duration:

- R1.1 The selection for category A and B seats shall be as per Govt. of Andhra Pradesh rules.
- R1.2 The duration of the programme for the Degree of Bachelor of Technology will be four academic years, with two semesters in each year. However if a student cannot complete within 4 years, he can do so by taking more time but not more than 8 years.
- R1.3 The duration of each semester will normally be 20 weeks with 5 days a week. A working day shall have 7 periods each of 50 minutes.

### R 2.0 Structure of the Programme :

Semester	No.of Courses per semester	Credits
	Theory + Lab	
I	5 + 3	26
II	5 + 3	26
III	6 + 2	28
IV	6 + 2	28
V	6 + 2	28
VI	6 + 1+	28
Advanced Communication skills Lab (V/VI semesters)		
Industry oriented Mini Project		02
VII	6(Two electives) + 2	28
VIII	3(Two electives) + Seminar + Comprehensive Viva +Project	30
<b>Total</b>		<b>224</b>

Note: Except elective subjects in VII, VIII semesters all courses are compulsory.

- a) The curriculum in the first and second semesters shall be common for all the B.Tech. programmes except for Departmental options.
- b) Each course is normally assigned a certain number of credits as follows:
- 1 credit per lecture period per week and no credits for tutorials
  - 2 credits per laboratory class of 3 periods per week
  - 2 credits for Industry oriented Mini Project
  - 2 credits for Seminar with 3 periods per week
  - 4 credits for comprehensive viva-voce examination
  - 12 credits for project work
- c) The curriculum for any programme of study shall have a total of 224 credits out of which a minimum of 216 credits are required to be obtained by a student for the award of B.Tech degree. The default of 8 credits is permitted only from the electives in VII and VIII semesters.
- d) Participation in extra- and co-curricular activities like Sports, Social Service, Cultural and Literary associations is compulsory for all the students as and when they are planned.
- i) A student has to record a participation of minimum of 32 hours in his/her chosen activity during the first year.
- ii) The activities are monitored and grades are awarded as given below:
- EXCELLENT  
GOOD  
SATISFACTORY  
UNSATISFACTORY

If a candidate gets an unsatisfactory Grade, he/she has to repeat the above activity.

### **R 3.0 Method of Evaluation :**

The performance of a student in each semester shall be evaluated subject-wise with a maximum of 100 marks each for theory and practical/Drawing subjects. In addition, Industry oriented mini-project, seminar, Comprehensive Viva-Voce and Project work shall be evaluated for 50, 50, 100 and 200 marks, respectively.

#### **R 3.1 Theory :**

For all lecture based theory courses, the evaluation shall be for 40 marks through internal evaluation and 60 marks through external end-semester examination of three hours duration.

##### **R 3.1 a. Internal evaluation :**

The 40 internal marks are divided as 20+10+10.

- |  |          |
|--|----------|
| 1. Quiz/Subject type test  | 20 marks |
| 2. Assignment/tutorial   | 10 marks |
| 3. Seminar/Viva/<br>Any other method<br>as notified by the teacher<br>(at the beginning of the semester) | 10 marks |

The internal marks shall be computed as per the procedure given above, as the weighted average of the two internal evaluations at 2:1 with the higher score carrying a weightage of 2.

##### **R 3.1 b. External evaluation :**

The question paper shall be set externally and valued both internally and externally.

If the difference between the first and second valuations is less than or equal to 15% of the maximum of the paper the better of the two valuations shall be awarded and if the difference between the first and second valua-

tion is more than 15%, the chief examiner appointed has to discuss with the two valuers and have his own assessment of the script. The marks given by the chief examiner shall be final for award.

### **R 3.2 Practicals :**

Practicals/drawing shall be evaluated for 100 marks, out of which 50 marks are for external examination and 50 marks are for internal evaluation. The 50 internal marks are distributed as 25 marks for day-to-day work and 25 marks for internal end-examination. The internal end-examination shall be conducted by the teacher concerned and another faculty member of the same department.

10 out of 12 to 16 experiments/exercises recommended are to be completed in a semester.

### **R 3.3 Industry Oriented Mini Project :**

The industry oriented mini project shall be carried out during the summer break for a minimum of 4 weeks after the VI Semester and completed before the start of the VII semester. A report has to be submitted at the beginning of the VII semester for assessment by an internal evaluation committee comprising Head of the Department and two faculty of the department including the project Supervisor for 50 marks. A minimum of 50% of maximum marks shall be obtained to earn the corresponding credits.

### **R 3.4 Seminar :**

The seminar shall have two components, one chosen by the student from the course-work without repetition and approved by the faculty Supervisor. The other component is suggested by the Supervisor and can be a reproduction of the concept in any standard research paper or an extension of concept from earlier course work. A hard copy of the information on Seminar topic in the form of a report is to be submitted for evaluation along with presentation. The presentation of the seminar topics shall be made before a committee comprising the Head of the Department, seminar

supervisor and a senior faculty of the department. The two components of the seminar are distributed between two halves of the semester and are evaluated for 50 marks each. The average of the two components shall be taken as the final score. A minimum of 50% of maximum marks shall be obtained to earn the corresponding credits.

### **R 3.5 Comprehensive Viva-Voce :**

The comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted by a committee comprising Head of the Department, two senior faculty of the respective department and an External Examiner from outside the College. This is aimed at assessing the student's understanding of various subjects studied during the entire program of 4 years. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce shall be evaluated for 100 marks at the end of VIII semester. A minimum of 50% of maximum marks shall be obtained to earn the corresponding credits.

### **R 4.0 Project :**

The Project work shall be spread over the entire VIII Semester and of somewhat innovative in nature, exploring the research bent of mind of the student. A project batch shall comprise of not more than four students. A mid-course review is conducted by HOD and the Supervisor on the progress for 20% of the marks. On completion of the project a second evaluation is conducted for award of internal marks of another 20% before the report is submitted making the total internal marks 40%. The final evaluation shall be based on the report submitted and a viva-voce exam for 60% marks by an external examiner.

### **R 5.0 Attendance Requirements :**

It is desirable for a candidate to put up 100% attendance in the class in all the subjects. However, a candidate shall be permitted to appear for the end semester examination provided he records a minimum of 75% attendance for each subject in any semester. However, condonation for shortage of attendance may be given on Medical grounds, if a certificate

to the extent is submitted to the HOD when the candidate first returns to the classes. Certificates submitted afterwards shall not be entertained on any count. A condonation fee as fixed by the college for those who put in attendance between 65 and 74 per cent shall be charged before the student is permitted to the end examination.

Attendance may also be condoned as per the State Government rules for those who participate in prestigious sports, co- and extra-curricular activities provided their attendance is in the minimum prescribed limits for the purpose and recommended by the concerned authority.

Attendance will be indicated in the marks memo by a letter code as follows :

Grading of Attendance :

90% and above	A (Very Good)
75% to 89%	B (Good)
65% to 74%	C (Condoned)
Below 65%	D (Detained)

A student who gets less than 65% (D Grade) attendance in a maximum of two courses in any semester shall not be permitted to take the end-semester examination in which he/she falls short. His/her registration for those courses will be treated as cancelled. The student should re-register and repeat those courses as and when offered next.

**R5.1 :** If a student gets D grade in more than two courses in any semester he/she shall be detained and has to repeat the entire semester.

## **R 6.0 Minimum Academic Requirement :**

The following academic requirements shall be met along with the attendance requirements mentioned above to be eligible for the award of the B.Tech. degree.

- i. A student shall acquire at least C grade in attendance to be eligible to appear for the end-semester examination in the concerned

subject

- ii. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each theory, if he/she secures not less than 35% of marks in external end examination, and a minimum of 40% of marks on the aggregate of internal evaluation and external examination taken together.
- iii. In case of practical / drawing / project / seminar, a student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each of them if the student secures a minimum of 50% in the end examination and not less than 50% marks on the aggregate in the internal evaluation and external end examination taken together.
- iv. A student shall be promoted from IV to V semester, if he acquires 76 out of 108 credits upto the end of IV Semester (from I, II, III semesters regular and supplementary examinations & IV semester regular examinations) before he/she enters V Semester.
- v. A student shall be promoted from VI to VII semester, only if he / she fulfills the academic requirements of total 100 credits out of which all 52 from first year shall be completed, from the examinations held up to IV semester including supplementary examinations.
- vi. Student shall register and put up minimum attendance in all 224 credits and earn 216 credits or more. Marks obtained in the best 216 out of 224 credits shall be considered for the award of Percentage/Class/Division.
- vii. A student who fails to earn 216 credits as indicated in the course structure including compulsory subjects as indicated in table given in R2.0 within eight academic years from the year of his/her admission shall forfeit his/her seat and his/her admission stands

cancelled.

## **R 7.0 Remedial program for defaulters:**

A Remedial programme during 8.40 - 10.20 a.m. / 3.20 - 5.00 p.m. in subsequent semesters is offered for those students who had taken the course earlier but failed to fulfill the attendance requirements and detained due to shortage of attendance in not more than two subjects. However, this facility shall not be extended to those candidates who are detained for want of attendance as per regulations R 5.1.

- i Remedial programme shall be announced at the beginning of every semester. The announcement of subjects offered for the summer programme is at the discretion of the Principal. A student shall have to register within the time stipulated in the announcement by paying the prescribed fee.
- ii. The number of total contact hours and method of evaluation for any remedial program shall be the same as those for a regular semester.
- iii. It is desirable for a candidate to put up 100% attendance in all the subjects registered for the remedial programme. However 25% concession in attendance may be permitted at the discretion of the principal based on the merits of the individual case under extraneous conditions with proper evidence. No further condonation of attendance on par with the regular semester shall be permitted.
- iv. If a candidate is failed to satisfy the attendance requirement in a course registered during remedial programme, then he has to repeat the course in the subsequent remedial programme when offered next.
- v. The method of internal evaluation is same as for the regular B.Tech programme. I mid examination shall be completed by the end of IV weeks and II mid to be completed by the end of VIII weeks of the programme.

- vi. The earlier internal marks secured in the regular semester for the subjects registered in the remedial programme are nullified and internal marks from the latest remedial programme shall be final.
- vii. The credits for the courses registered during the remedial programme can be earned from the end semester examinations following the corresponding regular semester.
- viii. Attendance and completion of subjects during the remedial programme shall be suitably reflected in the consolidated marks memo.

*No student can register for more than two courses during a remedial term.*

*Withdrawal from a remedial program after registration will not entitle for any refund of fees.*

### **R 8.0 Supplementary examinations :**

Supplementary examinations for the odd semester shall be conducted with the regular examinations of even semester and vice versa, for those who appeared and failed in regular examinations.

### **R 9.0 Class/Division :**

70% and above	: First Class with distinction
60% and above, but less than 70%	: First Class
50% and above, but less than 60%	: Second Class.
40% and above, but less than 50%	: Pass Class
Less than 40%	: Fail

***\* A candidate shall get an aggregate of 40% overall at the end of VIII semester while fulfilling a minimum of 216 credits for the award of B.Tech degree. The best 216 out of 224 credits shall be considered for the award of class/division.***

## REGULATIONS FOR B.TECH. (LATERAL ENTRY) STUDENTS ADMITTED INTO III SEMESTER (II YEAR) (UNDER AUTONOMOUS STREAM)

### RL 1.0

- 1.1 The selection and admission process shall be as per Government of Andhra Pradesh rules through ECET.
- 1.2 A student admitted to B.Tech. through lateral entry scheme joins the College in the III Semester of the respective 8-Semester program. The duration of the programme is 3 years / 6 semesters. However, if a student can not complete within 3 years, he can do so by taking more time but not more than consecutive 6 years / 12 semesters.

**RL 2.0** These students are exempted from social work.

**RL 3.0** The attendance requirements shall be same as those admitted into four year B.Tech programme, I- Semester (Autonomous stream).

**RL 4.0** Minimum Academic Requirements :

- i) A student shall be promoted to the VII Semester only after securing 56 credits in III and IV semester courses from the examinations including supplementary examinations in these subjects held till the end of VI semester of study.
- ii) A student shall register and put up minimum required attendance in all the 172 credits counted from the regular course structure of VIII semester B.Tech programme and earn at least 164 credits prescribed as compulsory to be qualified for the award of B.Tech. degree. Marks out of the best 164 credits shall be considered for the award of class /division.

- RL 5.0** All other regulations are same as those applicable to the students admitted into B.Tech I-Semester under Autonomous stream.
- RL 6.0** Subjects are identified as exempted / mandatory / pre-requisites. A student has to attend classes in subjects prescribed as mandatory/ pre-requisites and has to earn the credits in the examinations as and when conducted. The evaluation for the above courses may be totally internal.



## TRANSITORY REGULATIONS FOR STUDENTS RE-ADMITTED INTO II - YEAR OF AUTONOMOUS STREAM FROM PREVIOUS REGULATIONS

1. The student has to attend classes in the subjects declared as prerequisites before joining into II year (III or IV semester) under autonomous stream offered in the preceding semester and has to earn the credits in the examinations as and when conducted.
2. For subjects which are not prerequisites but declared as compulsory, the instruction may be taken during the following remedial programmes or as and when they are offered and shall earn the credits in the examinations as and when conducted.
3. The re-admitted students have to appear and pass the I year / II Year I semester (in case of readmission into II semester) subjects by appearing for the examinations as and when conducted by JNT University Kakinada in the failed subjects.

#### 4. **Promotion to V semester:**

For a student readmitted into III, IV semesters (II year) of Autonomous Stream, to get promoted to V semester (III year - I semester) one has to earn 80 credits up to the end of IV semester. (The credits for I year courses shall be earned from regular and supplementary examinations conducted by JNTU-K and for III semester from regular and supplementary examinations conducted by GVPCE(A) and for IV semester from regular examinations conducted by GVPCE(A) including the courses prescribed as pre-requisite and mandatory for re-admission.

#### 5. **Promotion to VII semester:**

For a re-admitted student to get promoted to VII semester (IV year) the following criteria must be satisfied

- I. He shall acquire all the 56 credits of the I year courses.
  - II. He shall acquire at least 104 credits from the courses up to the end of II year excluding prerequisites (Including the supplementary examinations) and secure a pass in prerequisite courses offered during the transition from previous regulations to autonomous regulations.
6. The student seeking readmission into II year shall abide by all other relevant regulations in force under the autonomous stream in addition to the above and shall secure a pass in prerequisite and compulsory courses.
  7. For the award of the degree, a student shall acquire 216 credits. However, a pass in prerequisite or mandatory courses shall not be essential for the award of the degree if one satisfies the attendance requirements in such courses, provided the total number of courses attended exceeds those equivalent to 224 credits as per the prescribed curriculum.



## **TRANSITORY REGULATIONS FOR STUDENTS RE-ADMITTED INTO III - YEAR (V, VI Semesters) OF AUTONOMOUS STREAM FROM JNTU-K REGULATIONS**

1. A Student has to attend classes in the subjects declared as pre requisites before joining into V or VI semesters under autonomous stream offered in the preceding semesters/ Remedial programme and can earn the credits in the examinations as and when conducted.
2. For the subjects which are not prerequisites but declared as mandatory, the instruction may be taken during or in the subsequent semester/Remedial Programme and can earn credits in the examinations as and when conducted.
3. The Re-admitted students have to appear and pass the I, II and III year- I semester (in case of readmission into II semester ) subjects by appearing for the respective examinations as and when conducted at the earliest by J.N.T. University Kakinada in the failed subjects.
4. **Promotion to VII semester :**  
The promotion into VII semester (IV year I semester) for those readmitted into V or VI semester shall be in accordance with the then prevailing rules of JNTU-K.
5. A student seeking re-admission into V or VI semester (III year) shall abide by all other relevant regulations in force under the autonomous stream.
6. For the award of the degree, a student shall acquire 216 credits. However, a pass in prerequisite or mandatory courses shall not be essential for the award of the degree if one satisfies the attendance requirements in such courses, provided the total number of courses attended exceeds those equivalent to 224 credits as per the prescribed curriculum.

## R 10.0 General :

- i. Where the words 'he', 'him', 'his', occur, they imply 'she', 'her', 'hers', also.
- ii. The academic regulation should be read as a whole for the purpose of any interpretation.
- iii. In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Chairman, Academic Council is final.
- iv. The college may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi from time to time and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students with effect from the dates notified by the college.



## PROGRAMMES OF STUDY AND INTAKE

### I. U.G. PROGRAMMES :

Courses	Intake
Chemical Engineering	60
Civil Engineering	120
Computer Science and Engineering	120
Electrical and Electronics Engineering	120
Electronics and Communication Engineering	180
Information Technology	90
Mechanical Engineering	120

### II. P.G. PROGRAMMES :

Courses	Intake
<b>i) M.TECH</b>	
Chemical Engineering	18
Computer science and Engineering	18
Embedded Systems and VLSI Design	18
Communications and Signal Processing	18
CAD/CAM	18
Infrastructural Engg. & Mgmt. in Civil Engg.	18
Structural Engineering	18
Power System Control and Automation	18
Software Engineering	18
<b>ii) M.C.A</b>	60

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# *COURSE STRUCTURE*

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## ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

### I SEMESTER :

COURSE CODE	THEORY/LAB	L	T	P	C
AHE1101	English	4	0	0	4
ABM1101	Mathematics – I	4	1	0	4
ACT1102	Computer Programming through C	4	1	0	4
AEE1101	Basic Network Analysis	4	1	0	4
AME1103	Engineering Mechanics	4	1	0	4
AME1102	<i>Engineering Drawing</i>	0	0	3	2
AHE1102	<i>English Language Lab</i>	0	0	3	2
ACT1103	<i>Computer Programming Lab</i>	0	0	3	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>20</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>26</b>

### II SEMESTER :

COURSE CODE	THEORY/LAB	L	T	P	C
ABM1102	Mathematics-II	4	1	0	4
ABP1101	Physics	4	1	0	4
ABC1101	Chemistry	4	1	0	4
AEC1101	Electronic Devices	4	1	0	4
ABE1101	Environmental Studies	4	0	0	4
AEE1102	<i>Networks Lab</i>	0	0	3	2
ABP1102	<i>Physics and Chemistry Lab</i>	0	0	3	2
AMT1101	<i>Engineering Workshop</i>	0	0	3	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>20</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>26</b>

## III SEMESTER :

COURSE CODE	THEORY/LAB	L	T	P	C
ABM1104	Mathematics – III	4	1	0	4
AEC1103	Electronic Circuits	4	1	0	4
ACE1152	Prime Movers and Pumps	4	0	0	4
AEC1106	Switching Theory and Logic Design	4	1	0	4
AEE1103	Electromagnetics	4	1	0	4
AEE1104	Performance and Design of DC Machines	4	1	0	4
ACE1153	<i>Prime Movers and Pumps Lab</i>	0	0	3	2
AEE1105	<i>DC Machines Lab.</i>	0	0	3	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>28</b>

## IV SEMESTER :

COURSE CODE	THEORY/LAB	L	T	P	C
ABM1107	Mathematics-IV	4	1	0	4
AEE1106	Network Analysis and Synthesis	4	1	0	4
AEC1105	Pulse and Digital Circuits	4	1	0	4
AEE1107	Power Generation Engineering	4	0	0	4
AEE1108	Performance and Design of AC Machines-I	4	1	0	4
AEE1109	Control Systems	4	1	0	4
AEE1110	<i>Control Systems Lab.</i>	0	0	3	2
AEC1144	<i>Electronic Devices and Circuits Lab</i>	0	0	3	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>28</b>

## V SEMESTER :

COURSE CODE	THEORY/LAB	L	T	P	C
ACT1104	Computer Organization	4	0	0	4
AEC1147	Linear and Digital IC Applications	4	1	0	4
AEE1111	Power Transmission Engineering	4	1	0	4
AEE1112	Power Electronics	4	1	0	4
AEE1113	Performance and Design of AC Machines – II	4	1	0	4
AEE1114	Electrical Measurements and Instrumentation	4	1	0	4
AHE1103	<i>Advanced English Communication Skills Lab</i>	0	0	3	2
AEC1112	<i>IC and PDC Lab</i>	0	0	3	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>28</b>

## VI SEMESTER :

COURSE CODE	THEORY/LAB	L	T	P	C
AEE1115	Digital Signal Processing	4	1	0	4
AEE1116	Microprocessor and Microcontrollers	4	1	0	4
AEE1117	Power Electronic Drives	4	1	0	4
ABM1109	Optimization Techniques	4	1	0	4
AEE1118	Switchgear and Protection	4	0	0	4
AHM1101	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis	4	0	0	4
AEE1119	<i>AC Machines Lab.</i>	0	0	3	2
AEE1120	<i>Power Electronics and Drives Lab</i>	0	0	3	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>28</b>

## VII SEMESTER :

COURSE CODE	THEORY/LAB	L	T	P	C
AHM1102	Management Science	4	0	0	4
AEE1121	Power Systems Analysis & Stability	4	1	0	4
AEE1122	Power System Operation and Control	4	1	0	4
AEE1123	Power Distribution Engineering	4	1	0	4
	<b>Elective - I</b>	4	1	0	4
AEE1124	Renewable Energy Sources				
AEE1125	Reliability Engineering & Application to Power Systems				
AEE1126	Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic				
	<b>Elective - II</b>	4	1	0	4
AEE1127	Programmable Logic Controllers				
ACT1121	Embedded Systems				
AEE1128	Distribution Automation				
AEE1129	<i>Simulation of Electrical Systems Lab</i>	0	0	3	2
AEE1130	<i>Microprocessors and Microcontrollers Lab</i>	0	0	3	2
AEE11MP	<i>Industry Oriented Mini Project</i>	-	-	-	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>30</b>

## VIII SEMESTER :

COURSE CODE	THEORY/LAB	L	T	P	C
AEE1131	Utilization of Electrical Energy	4	1	0	4
	<b>Elective – III</b>	4	1	0	4
AEE1132	HVDC Transmission				
AEE1133	EHV AC Transmission				
AEE1134	High Voltage Engineering				
	<b>Elective – IV</b>	4	1	0	4
AEC1149	VLSI Technology				
ACT1109	Data Base Management Systems				
AEE1135	Digital Control Systems				
AEE11SM	<i>Seminar</i>	0	0	3	2
AEE11CV	<i>Comprehensive Viva</i>	-	-	-	4
AEE11PW	<i>Project Work</i>	0	0	9	12
	<b>Total</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>30</b>

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***SYLLABI FOR I SEMESTER***

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## ENGLISH

**Course Code : AHE1101**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### Reading and Writing skills

#### Objectives :

The primary objective of the course is to help students of engineering to achieve a sound foundation in communicational skills, basic grammar and vocabulary. It also enables them to become successful communicators in academic, professional and social areas of life.

The course aims to enable the students to use English effectively for the purpose of

- Understanding class room lectures in different subjects
- Reading technical and general materials
- Effective written communication in professional contexts

#### Outcomes :

- The learners develop adequate skills in skimming, scanning, intensive and extensive reading
- The learners also develop enough vocabulary to be clearly expressive in any group - Professional or Managerial or Social
- The learners can correspond and communicate in descriptive, analytical modes with ease.

#### Course work :

To achieve the above objectives, instruction will be imparted through relevant ESP materials, articles from newspapers, technical journals, magazines, industry materials etc. in classes and laboratory. Students will be given individual and holistic practice in LSRW skills.

## Contents :

### Reading :

- Reading with a purpose; Reading for understanding; skimming, scanning etc;
- Reading and interpreting charts and diagrams
- Vocabulary, synonyms, antonyms, prefixes, suffixes, confusables, one-word substitutes etc.

### Writing :

- common errors, articles, prepositions, tenses, concord, phrasal verbs, modals, conditionals etc. ( Remedial Grammar)
- Practice of writing- definition, description
- Paragraph writing with coherence, cohesiveness and clarity
- Essay, report and précis writing

**Reference skills :** Use of dictionary, thesaurus, library and internet materials.

## UNIT - I

1. Around the House (*Language in Use*)
2. Education on Education (*English for Engineers*)

## UNIT - II

1. On Holiday (*Language in Use*)
2. Vocabulary- synonyms, antonyms, prefixes, suffixes, confusables, one-word substitutes etc.

## UNIT - III

1. Imagining (*Language in Use*)
2. Tenses & Concord, Articles & Prepositions

## UNIT - IV

1. New Information Technology and Poverty Eradication (English for Engineers)
2. The media (Language in Use)

## UNIT - V

1. What we must Learn from the West (*English for Engineers*)
2. Paragraph writing, Note-making and Minute writing

## UNIT - VI

1. Essay writing
2. Value added Life (*English for Engineers*)

## UNIT - VII

1. Breaking the Law (*Language in Use*)
2. Key item (*English for Engineers*)

## UNIT - VIII

1. Letter and Précis writing
2. Dialogue writing

### Text Books :

1. Language in Use(Intermediate)-Cambridge University Press India Pvt. Ltd.- Reprint-2008.
2. English for Engineers-Regional Institute of English-Bangalore, Foundation Books Pvt. Ltd, 2006.

### References :

1. “Study reading- A course in reading skills for academic purposes”- CUP by Eric H. Glendinning & Beverly Holmstorm, 2004.
2. Study writing – Liz Hamp Lyons, Ben Heasley-CUP, 2004.
3. Word Power Made Easy- Norman Lewis, Lotus Press, 2006.
4. Practical English Usage- Oxford University Press, Michael Swan, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2005.
5. Murphy’s English Grammar-Murphy-CUP, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2004.

**Suggested Reading :** Stories of humour, adventure, mystery and autobiographies of eminent scientists.



## MATHEMATICS – I

(Common to all Branches)

**Course Code : ABM1101**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

**Aim :** To impart the necessary fundamental principles that are essential to study the core courses of Engineering.

**Objective :** To motivate and inculcate the logical thinking and methodical approach to solve mathematical problems

### UNIT - I

Sequences – Series – Convergence and divergence – Comparison test – Ratio test – Integral test – Alternating series, Leibniz’s test  
(9.1 to 9.9, 9.12).

Rolle’s theorem – Lagrange’s Mean Value Theorem – Cauchy’s mean value Theorem – Taylor’s theorem and Maclaurin’s series (all theorems without proof)  
(4.3, 4.4).

### UNIT - II

Differential equations of first order (linear, Bernoulli), Linear differential equations with constant coefficients, Method of Variation of parameters .  
(11.9, 11.10, 13.1, 13.3-13.8(i), 13.9)

### UNIT - III

Applications of Linear differential equations: orthogonal trajectories, Newton’s law of cooling, Simple harmonic motion, Oscillatory electrical circuits (LC and LCR circuits).  
(12.3, 12.6, 14.2, 14.5)

## UNIT - IV

Laplace transform of elementary functions, properties, Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Unit step function – second shifting theorem, Periodic function.

(21.1-21.5, 21.7-21.11)

## UNIT - V

Inverse transform – Inverse transform of Derivatives and Integrals - Convolution theorem – Application of Laplace transforms to ordinary differential equations, Unit step function, Unit impulse function.

(21.12-21.15, 21.17, 21.18)

## UNIT - VI

Partial differentiation: Total derivative, change of variables, Jacobians, Taylor's theorem for functions of two variables, maxima and minima of functions of two variables.

(5.5 – 5.9, 5.11)

## UNIT - VII

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions – solutions of first order linear (Lagrange) equation and nonlinear first order (standard type) equations.

(17.1 to 17.3, 17.5, 17.6)

## UNIT - VIII

Method of separation of variables – Classification of second order linear Partial Differential Equations, solutions of one dimensional heat equation, wave equation and two-dimensional Laplace's equation under initial and boundary conditions.

( 18.1 to 18.7)

**Text Book :**

Dr.B.S.Grewal “Higher Engineering Mathematics”, 40<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers

**References :**

1. Kreyszig E, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 8<sup>th</sup> Ed. John Wiley, Singapore (2001)
2. Greenberg M D, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 2nd Ed, Pearson Education, Singapore, Indian Print (2003).



# COMPUTER PROGRAMMING THROUGH C

**Course Code : ACT1102**

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

**Aim :** To give the basic idea about programming.

**Objective :** To make the students capable of programming in high level computer languages as well as applications.

## UNIT - I

Algorithm, Flow chart, Program development steps, Basic structures of C Language, C tokens, Data types and sizes, Declaration of variables, Assigning values, Arithmetic, Relational and Logical operators, Increment and decrement operators, Conditional operator, Bitwise operators, Type conversions, Expressions, evaluation, Input output statements, blocks.

## UNIT - II

If and switch statements, while, do while and for statements. C programs covering all the above aspects.

## UNIT - III

One dimensional and two dimensional arrays, Initialization, String variables declaration, reading, writing, basics of functions, parameter passing, String handling functions.

## UNIT - IV

User defined functions, recursive functions, variables and storage classes, scope rules, block structure, header files, C preprocessor, Example C Programs.

## UNIT - V

Pointers and arrays: Pointers and addresses, Pointers and arrays, Pointers and function arguments, address arithmetic, character pointers and functions

## UNIT - VI

Pointers to pointers, multi-dimensional arrays, initialization of pointer arrays, command line arguments, pointers to functions, function pointers.

## UNIT - VII

Structure definition, initializing, assigning values, passing of structures as arguments, arrays of structures, pointers to structures, self reference to structures, unions, type-defs, bit fields, C program examples.

## UNIT - VIII

Console and file-I/O: Standard I/O, Formatted I/O, Opening and closing of files, I/O operations on files, command line arguments.

### Text books :

1. Herbert Schild : Complete Reference Using C, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.
2. Yashawanth Kanethkar : Let us C, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, BPB Publishers, 2009.

### References :

1. B.A.Fouruzan and R.F.Gilberg : Computer Science, A structured programming approach using C, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Thomson Publishers, 2008.
2. B.W.Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie : C Programming Language, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
3. Stephen G.Kochan : Programming in C – 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
4. N. B. Venkateswarlu, E. V. Prasad : C & Data structures, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, S. Chand publications, 2002.



## BASIC NETWORK ANALYSIS

**Course Code : AEE1101**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

**Aim :** The aim of the course is to teach Principles of Electrical Network Analysis.

**Objectives :** Network Analysis is a basic foundation course for the disciplines EEE and ECE .Hence this is introduced in I-Year –I Sem so that the students feel comfortable with various other Electrical and Electronics Courses they come across.

### UNIT - I

Network elements , Active & passive elements, Volt- Ampere – Power relation in R,L,C with basic laws , Constant Flux linkage & Constant Charge theorems , Mutual Inductance and Dot Convention, Source Transformation.

### UNIT - II

D-C Resistive Circuit Analysis, Branch variables, solving by direct application KCL & KCL, Mesh (loop)Analysis, Nodal Analysis, Super Mesh and Super Node, Star – Delta Transformation.

### UNIT - III

Transient in R-L, R-C & RLC circuit with DC Excitation, using differential equations.  
Concept of steady state.

### UNIT - IV

Sinusoidal steady state: Effective value of an alternative current /voltage excitation to inductance and capacitance. Inductive and Capacitive reactances, Average Power, Phasor representation.

## UNIT - V

RL, RC and RLC – Series, parallel and series parallel circuits, average power and power factor, Impedance, complex impedance, complex power, real and reactor powers, Response of RLC Networks to harmonic excitation, Locus diagrams.

## UNIT - VI

Resonance in RLC Circuits: Series resonance, parallel resonance, bandwidth & quality factor. Implications with voltage and current excitation.

## UNIT - VII

Three phase circuit analysis: 3-phase sources & loads (balanced & unbalanced) 3-phase, 4-wire and 3 phase 3-wire systems. Analysis of balanced and unbalanced circuits, 3-phase power.

## UNIT - VIII

Network Theorems (with proofs) : Linearity and superposition, superposition theorem, reciprocity theorem, Thevenin and Norton theorem, compensation theorem, Millmann Theorem.

### Text Book :

Network Analysis by N.C.Jagan and C. Lakshmi Narayana, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition B.S.Publications (From relevant chapters.), 2008.

### References :

1. Network Analysis, by M.E Van Valkenburg, Prentice Hall of India, PVT Ltd, New Delhi, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1994.
2. Circuit Analysis, by Hayt and Kemmerly, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, TMH, 2003.



## ENGINEERING MECHANICS

**Course Code : AME1103**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **Aim & Objectives :**

1. To develop logical thinking approach to engineering problems.
2. Calculation and estimation of forces developed in various engineering structures.

### **UNIT – I**

**SYSTEMS OF FORCES :** Introduction – parallelogram law – Forces and components - Resultant of coplanar concurrent forces - component forces in space - vector notation – moment of force – principle of moments – couples. Resultant of planar force systems and spatial concurrent force system.

### **UNIT – II**

**EQUILIBRIUM OF FORCE SYSTEMS :** Equilibrium – free body diagrams – Equations of equilibrium – equilibrium of planar systems – graphical methods and analytical methods for equilibrium of planar systems – equilibrium of spatial concurrent force systems.

### **UNIT – III**

**FRICITION:** Introduction – Theory of friction – Angle of friction – Laws of friction - static friction – Kinetic friction-friction in bodies moving up or down on an inclined plane-screw friction and screw jack.

### **UNIT – IV**

**CENTROIDS AND CENTERS OF GRAVITY :** Centre of gravity – centroids of area and lines – determination of centroids by integration – centroids of composite figures – theorems of Pappus.

## UNIT – V

**AREA MOMENT OF INERTIA :** Moment of inertia – polar moment of Inertia – Radius of gyration - Transfer theorem for moment of Inertia – Moment of inertia of composite areas – product of inertia – Transfer formula for product of Inertia.

**MASS MOMENT OF INERTIA :** Moment of inertia of masses – Radius of gyration – Transfer formula for mass moment of inertia – Mass moment of Inertia by Integration.

## UNIT – VI

**KINEMATICS :** Rectilinear motion-curvilinear motion - Rectangular components of curvilinear motion - Normal and Tangential components of acceleration, Radial and transverse components - Kinematics of rigid bodies - angular motion – fixed axis rotation – Definition and analysis of plane motion.

## UNIT – VII

**KINETICS:** Kinetics of rigid bodies – equation of planes motion – fixed axis rotation – rolling bodies (simple examples) - general plane motion (Simple examples).

## UNIT – VIII

**WORK ENERGY METHODS :** Work energy equations for translation – applications to particle motion – connected systems – fixed axis rotation (Simple cases)

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**Text Books :**

1. I.B. Prasad : Applied Mechanics, Khanna Publishers, 19<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2009.
2. Ferdinand L. Singer : Engineering Mechanics, Harper Collins Publishers India, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2008.

**References :**

1. Irving. H. Shames : Engineering Mechanics, PHI Publishers, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2008.
2. Timoshenko & Young : Engineering Mechanics, MGH Publishers, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
3. A.K. Tayal : Engineering Mechanics, Umesh Publishers, 13<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2008.
4. K.L. Kumar, Engineering Mechanics, TMH Publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2009.



## ENGINEERING DRAWING

Course Code : AME1102

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	2

### Aim & Objectives :

1. To make the student well familiar to the drawing practices and convention
2. To familiarize the various engineering curves used in industry
3. To enable student draft simple engineering components.

### LIST OF EXERCISES

- 1 Introduction to Engineering drawing & basics of Geometrical construction
- 2 Construction of parabola, ellipse, hyperbola
- 3 Construction of Involute and Cycloidal curves
- 4 Projections of points and lines inclined to one plane
- 5 Projections of lines inclined to both the planes
- 6 Projections of planes in simple positions, planes inclined to one plane
- 7 Projections of planes inclined to both the planes
- 8 Demonstration & Practice: Computer aided drafting of lines, planes and dimensioning
- 9 Projections of solids in simple positions
- 10 Projections of solids inclined to both the planes

- 11 Isometric projections
- 12 Demonstration & Practice: Computer aided drafting of solids and dimensioning.

**Text Books :**

1. Engineering Drawing by N.D. Bhatt
2. Engineering graphics with Auto CAD- R.B. Choudary/Anuradha Publishes
3. Computer Aided Engineering Drawing - Trymbaka Murthy - I.K. International.



## ENGLISH LANGUAGE LAB

**Course Code: AHE1102**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

The **Language Lab** focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and familiarizes the students with the use of English in everyday situations and contexts.

### Objectives :

- To make students recognise the sounds of English through Audio-Visual aids and Computer Software.
- To help them overcome their inhibitions and self-consciousness while speaking in English and to build their confidence. *The focus shall be on fluency rather than accuracy.*
- To enable them to speak English correctly with focus on stress and intonation.

### Syllabus :

The following course content is prescribed for the **English Language Laboratory** sessions:

1. Introduction to the Sounds of English- Vowels, Diphthongs & Consonants.
2. Introduction to Stress and Intonation.
3. Situational Dialogues / Role Play.
4. Oral Presentations- Prepared and Extempore/Speaking personally
5. 'Just A Minute' Sessions (JAM).
6. Describing things / Narration
7. Information Transfer

8. Debate
9. Telephoning Skills.
10. Giving Directions.

### Suggested Software :

- Cambridge Advanced Learners' English Dictionary with CD.
- The Rosetta Stone English Library
- Clarity Pronunciation Power
- Mastering English in Vocabulary, Grammar, Spellings, Composition
- Dorling Kindersley series of Grammar, Punctuation, Composition etc.
- Language in Use, Foundation Books Pvt Ltd with CD.
- Learning to Speak English - 4 CDs
- Microsoft Encarta with CD
- Murphy's English Grammar, Cambridge with CD

### References :

1. Spoken English (CIEFL) in 3 volumes with 6 cassettes, OUP.
2. English Pronouncing Dictionary Daniel Jones Current Edition with CD.
3. Spoken English- R. K. Bansal and J. B. Harrison, Orient Longman 2006.
4. A Practical course in English Pronunciation, (with two Audio cassettes) by J. Sethi, Kamlesh Sadanand & D.V. Jindal, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
5. A text book of English Phonetics for Indian Students by T.Balasubramanian (Macmillan), 18th Reprint, 2005.
6. English Skills for Technical Students, WBSCTE with British Council, OL



## COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LAB

**Course Code : ACT1103**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

**Aim :** To give basic knowledge with practical orientation of programming language.

**Objective :** To train the students to write programmes in C language for different applications.

### List of Programmes :

1. To write C programs for the following
  - a) Sum of individual digits of a positive integer.
  - b) A Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a c program to generate to generate the first n terms of the Fibonacci sequence.
  
- 2
  - a) To write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user
  - b) To write a C program to calculate the following sum:  

$$\text{Sum} = 1 + x^2/2! + x^4/4! + \dots$$
 upto given 'n' terms.
  - c) To write a c program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.
  
3. To write C programs that uses both recursive and non-recursive functions
  - i) To find the factorial of a given number.
  - ii) To find the GCD(greatest common divisor) of two given integers.
  - iii) To solve Towers of Hanoi problem.

4. The total distance traveled by vehicle in 't' seconds is given by  $\text{distance} = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$  where 'u' and 'a' are the initial velocity (m/sec) and acceleration (m/sec<sup>2</sup>). Write a C program to find the distance traveled at regular intervals of time given values of 'u' and 'a'. The program should provide the flexibility to the user to select his own time intervals and repeat the calculations for different values of 'u' and 'a'.
5. Using switch-case statement, write a C program that takes two operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the answer. (consider operators +, -, \*, and %).
6. Write a C program to find the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.
7. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following
  - a. Addition of Two Matrices
  - b. Multiplication of Two Matrices
8. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations
  - a. To insert a sub-string in to given main string from a given position
  - b. To delete n characters from a given position in given string.
9. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not.
10.
  - a) Write a C program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string T begins, or -1 if S does not contain T.
  - b) Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

11. To write a C program
  - a) to generate Pascal's triangle
  - b) to construct a pyramid of numbers
  
12. To write a C program to read in two numbers,  $x$  and  $n$ , and then compute the sum of this geometric progression  $1+x+x^2+x^3+\dots+x^n$   
For example : if  $n$  is 3 and  $x$  is 5, then the program computes  $1+5+25+125$ . print  $x, n$ , the sum.  
Perform error checking. For example the formula does not make sense for negative  
Exponents – if  $n$  is less than 0. Have your program print an error message if  $n < 0$ , then go back and read in the next pair of numbers of without computing the sum. Are any values of  $x$  also illegal? If so, test for them too..
  
13. To write a C program
  - a) to find the 2's compliments of a binary number.
  - b) to convert a Roman numeral to its decimal equivalent
  
14. To write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations
  - a. Reading a complex number
  - b. Writing a complex number
  - c. Addition of 2 complex numbers
  - d. Multiplication of 2 complex numbers  
(Note: represent complex number using a structure)
  
15. To write a C program
  - a) to copy the contents from one file to another.
  - b) to reverse the first  $n$  characters in a file.  
(Note: the file name and  $n$  are specified on the command line)

- c) to find the no. of characters, no. of words, no. of lines in a given file.
16. To implement the algorithms for the below given iterative methods using C to find one root of the equation  $f(x)=x \sin x + \cos x=0$
- a) Bisection      b) False Position      c) Newton-Raphson  
d) Successive approximation
17. To write C programs to implement the Lagrange interpolation
18. To implement the Newton- Gregory forward interpolation using C language.
19. To implement in C the linear regression algorithm.
20. To implement in C the polynomial regression algorithm.

### Text Books :

1. Programming in C , P. Dey & M. Ghosh, Oxford Univ. Press
2. C and Data Structures, E. Balaguruswamy, TMH publications
3. C Programming and Data structures, P. Padmanabham, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, BS publications.
4. Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, M.K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyengar & R.K. Jain, New Age International Publishers.
5. Elementary Numerical Analysis, Aitkinson & Han, Wiley India, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition 2006.





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***SYLLABI FOR II SEMESTER***

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## MATHEMATICS – II

(Common to all Branches)

**Course Code : ABM1102**

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

**Aim :** To impart the necessary fundamental principles that are essential to study the core courses of Engineering

**Objective :** To motivate and inculcate the logical thinking and methodical approach to solve mathematical problems

### UNIT - I

Matrices: Rank – Normal form - Echelon form – Consistency – Solution of system of simultaneous linear homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations.(Gauss Jordan)

(2.8, 2.11)

### UNIT - II

Eigen values, Eigen vectors – properties – Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (only statement) - Inverse and powers of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem – Diagonalisation of matrix. (2.14-2.17)

### UNIT - III

Quadratic forms - Linear Transformation - Orthogonal Transformation. Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form, Nature of the quadratic form.

(2.12, 2.18 , 2.19).

### UNIT - IV

Double and triple integrals, Change of order, change of variables

(7.1 – 7.3 , 7.5, 7.7).

## UNIT - V

**Vector Differentiation:** Differentiation of vectors, Scalar and Vector point functions. Gradient of a scalar field and directional derivatives- Divergence and curl of a Vector field and it's physical interpretation.

(8.1, 8.4 – 8.8)

## UNIT - VI

**Vector Integration - Line integral – -Circulation-work done - surface and volume integrals** Vector integral theorems: Green's theorem- Stoke's and Gauss's Divergence Theorem (Without proof). Verification of Green's - Stoke's and Gauss's Theorems. (8.10 – 8.17)

## UNIT - VII

**Fourier series:** Euler's formulae, Conditions for Fourier expansion, Change of interval, even and odd functions, half range series.

(10.1 – 10.7)

## UNIT - VIII

**Fourier integral theorem – Fourier sine and cosine integrals. Fourier transforms – Fourier sine and cosine transforms – properties – Finite Fourier transforms.**

(22.1 – 22.4)

### Text Book :

1. Dr.B.S.Grewal “Higher Engineering Mathematics”, 40<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers

### References :

1. Kreyszig E, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 8<sup>th</sup> Ed. John Wiley, Singapore (2001)
2. Greenberg M D, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, Pearson Education, Singapore, Indian Print (2003).



## PHYSICS

**Course Code : ABP1101**

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

**Aim :** To give prerequisites in understanding the advanced Physics leading to applications in engineering field.

**Objective :** To impart the students the concept and principles in Engineering to enable them to comprehend and take up the experimental work independently.

### UNIT - I

#### VIBRATIONS & ACOUSTICS OF BUILDINGS :

- i) Overview of vibrations with emphasis on damped and forced oscillations- resonance, coupled oscillators - two coupled pendulums and normal mode solutions.

(Engineering Physics - Gaur & Gupta Chap - 33, and Unified Physics, Vol-1, S L Gupta & Sanjeev Gupta, Chap-11 (coupled oscillators)

- ii) Reverberation and Reverberation time – Sabine’s formula for reverberation time – measurement of absorption coefficient of material- Basic requirements of acoustically good hall -Factors affecting the architectural acoustics and their remedies.

(Engineering Physics - Gaur & Gupta Chap - 14)

### UNIT – II

#### PHYSICAL OPTICS :

**Interference:** Superposition of waves, Young’s double slit experiment, Interference in thin films by reflection, Newton’s rings experiment with necessary theory.

**Diffraction:** Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction, Diffraction at single slit and diffraction grating, determination of wavelengths of various spectral lines, resolving power of grating.

Polarization: Types of Polarizations, Brewster's law, Double refraction, Nicol Prism, Polaroid's.

(Engineering Physics - Gaur & Gupta Chap - 26, 27, 28 & 29)

### UNIT – III

#### CRYSTAL PHYSICS & SUPERCONDUCTIVITY :

i) Crystal Physics : Space lattice, basis and crystal structure, Unit cell, primitive cell, Seven crystal systems, Bravais lattices- SC, BCC, FCC crystal structures- crystal planes and Directions- Miller indices, Derivation of inter planar spacing.

(Applied Physics for Engineers - P K Palanisamy Chap - 2)

ii) Superconductivity: superconducting phenomenon, Meissner effect, Type I & Type II Super conductors, BCS theory, DC and AC Josephson effects, SQUIDS, High Temperature Super conductors- Applications.

(Applied Physics for Engineers - P K Palanisamy Chap - 9)

### UNIT – IV

#### QUANTUM MECHANICS :

Dual nature of matter, DeBroglie wave length, Time independent Schrödinger wave equation, Physical significance of wave function, particle in a potential well, rigid and non rigid walls, Tunneling effect

(Applied Physics for Engineers - P K Palanisamy Chap - 3)

### UNIT – V

#### FREE ELECTRON THEORY :

Introduction, Quantum free electron theory, Fermi-Dirac distribution and its dependence on temperature, Fermi energy, Electron scattering and resistance, motion of an electron in periodic potential, Kronig-Penney model (qualitative treatment), effective mass; classification of solids.

(Applied Physics for Engineers - P K Palanisamy Chap - 4 & 5)

### UNIT – VI

#### DIELECTRICS :

Basic definitions, relation between  $\mathbf{P}$ ,  $\mathbf{D}$  and  $\mathbf{E}$  vectors, Polarization mechanisms, expression for electronic polarizability, Internal fields in solids,

Claussius-Mosotti equation, frequency and temperature dependence of electronic polarization, Dielectric strength, Dielectric loss, Loss tangent and Dielectric breakdown, Applications.

(Applied Physics for Engineers - P K Palanisamy Chap - 6)

## UNIT – VII

### LASERS AND FIBER OPTICS :

i) Introduction, Characteristics of lasers, Induced absorption, spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation, Population Inversion, Einstein's coefficients, Low and high power Lasers, Ruby laser, He-Ne laser, CO<sub>2</sub> and semiconductor laser, Applications of lasers.

(Applied Physics for Engineers - P K Palanisamy Chap - 10)

ii) Basic principle of propagation of light in optical fibers, Numerical aperture, acceptance angle, Derivation of Numerical aperture, Classification of optical fibers on the basis of refractive index profile, Fiber optic communication system, Applications.

(Applied Physics for Engineers - P K Palanisamy Chap - 2)

## UNIT – VIII

### FUNCTIONAL MATERIALS :

i) Bio materials, SMART materials, metallic glasses, metal matrix composites, Electrets – piezo and ferro electric materials.

(Engineering Physics by V Rajendran, Chap - 21, 24, 25, materials Science - M Armugam - Metal Matrix composites and Electrets, SMART Materials chap - 11)

ii) Nanophase materials: Introduction to nano materials, types of nano materials, Fabrication Techniques: ball milling, nano lithography, CVD, carbon nano tubes (CNT's), Applications.

(Engineering Physics M R Srinivasn, Chap - 15)

**Text Books :**

1. R.K. Gaur and S.L.Gupta, Engineering Physics, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Dhanpaat Rai, 2003.
2. P.K. Palanisamy, Applied Physics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Scitech Publishers, 2010.
3. M.R. Srinivasan, Engineering Physics, 1st Edition, New Age Publishers, 2009.
4. V. Rajendran, Engineering Physics, TMH, 2009.

**References :**

1. C.Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, 7th Edition, John Wiley, 2007.
2. M Ross, Lawrence, Shepard, J Wulff Structure and properties of Materials, (Volume-4, Electronic properties), Wiley East Publishers, 2004.
3. Avadhanulu & Kshirasagar, Engineering Physics, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, S. Chand Publishers, 2008.
4. S.O. Pillai, Solid State Physics, New Age Publishers, 2004.
5. Sulabh. K. Kulkarni, Nano Technology - Principles and Practices, 2006.
6. V.Raghavan, Material Science, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, PHI, 2007.
7. R.L.Singhal, Solid State Physics, 6th Edition, Kedarnadh, Ramnadh Publishers, 2003.
8. A. Beiser., Perspectives in Modern Physics, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Publishers, 2006.
9. A.J. Dekker, Electrical Engineering materials, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Mac Millan, 2007.
10. M. Armugam, Material Science, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Anuradha Publishers, 2009.
11. S.L. Gupta, & Sanjeev Gupta, Unified Physics, Vol - 1, 16<sup>th</sup> Edition, Jaiprakash Nath & Co., 2007.



## CHEMISTRY

**Course Code : ABC1101**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

**Aim :** The aim of the course is to provide basic chemistry background required for under graduate students of engineering.

**Objective :** The Objective of the course is to provide an over view of chemical properties of materials which the engineers are likely to use during their professional careers.

### UNIT - I

#### ELECTROMOTIVE FORCE

Electrode potential, Nernst equation, EMF of electro chemical cell, calculation of cell potential, concentration cell, determination of  $P^H$  of solution.

**BATTERIES** - primary cell-Dry or Lachanche cell, alkaline battery; secondary cells (storage batteries or accumulators) – Lead-acid Accumulator, Nickel-cadmium battery.and lithium ion battery.

**Fuel cells** - hydrogen, oxygen fuel cell, phosphoric acid fuel cell, solid oxide fuel cells.

### UNIT - II

#### CORROSION AND ITS CONTROL

Introduction-Dry or chemical corrosion, Wet or Electrochemical corrosion-Hydrogen evolution type, oxygen absorption type, Galvanic corrosion and concentration cell corrosion, pitting ,waterline, and stress corrosion; passivity; Galvanic series; factors influencing corrosion. Corrosion control-proper designing, cathodic protection, modifying the environment and using

inhibitors. Protective coatings- anodic and cathodic coatings; Hot dipping- Galvanizing and Tinning, Metal cladding; Electroplating; Electro less plating; cementation or diffusion coatings.

### **UNIT - III**

#### **CHEMICAL KINETICS**

Arrhenius theory-effect of temperature on reaction rates –concept of activated complex; collision theory of reaction rates; Lindeman's theory of unimolecular reactions, steady state approximation; Transition state theory.

### **UNIT - IV**

#### **BONDING IN COORDINATION COMPOUNDS**

Valence bond theory- limitations, crystal field theory, ligand field theory- octahedral and tetrahedral complexes. Spectral properties of  $d^1$  ions & magnetic properties of low spin and high spin complexes. Molecular orbital theory as applied to octahedral complexes not involving pi-bonding.

### **UNIT - V**

#### **PRINCIPLES AND MECHANISMS OF ORGANIC REACTIONS**

Bond fission – homolysis and heterolysis-examples. Types of reagents- electrophilic and nucleophilic reagents -examples. Concept of aromaticity, Huckel's  $(4n+2)$  rule. Introduction to mechanistic aspect of electrophilic aromatic substitution- nitration, sulphonation. Friedel-Crafts alkylation and acylation.

### **UNIT - VI**

#### **POLYMER SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

Nomenclature; Types of polymerization, Mechanism of addition and condensation polymerization, Effect of polymer structure on properties. Plastics- Thermo and thermosetting plastics, constituents of a plastic. Preparation, properties and uses of polythene, PVC, Teflon, nylons-6,6, bakelite and silicones.

**RUBBER** - Natural rubber-structure-vulcanization, compounding of rubber; synthetic rubbers-Buna-Sand Buna-N.

## **UNIT - VII**

### **SEMI CONDUCTING MATERIALS**

Band theory of solids, Types-Intrinsic, extrinsic,( n-type, p-type,) non-elemental semi conducting materials- stoichiometric semi conducting compounds, defect semiconductors, controlled valency semiconductors. Preparation of semiconductors- Zone refining, Czochralski crystal pulling technique, Doping technique.

## **UNIT - VIII**

### **CHEMISTRY OF ENGINEERING MATERIALS**

**Cement** - classification; Portland cement- raw materials, manufacture of Portland cement, chemical constitution of Portland cement, setting and hardening of Portland cement.

**REFRACTORIES** - Classification and properties of refractories

**FUELS** - classification; calorific value and its determination using Bomb and Junker's gas calorimeter, theoretical calculation of calorific value-Proximate and ultimate analysis of coal; Refining of petroleum-, catalytic cracking; catalytic reforming, knocking, octane rating, improvement in anti knock characteristics, unleaded petrol; diesel engine fuels, cetane value

**LUBRICANTS** - Friction- mechanism of lubrication-Fluid film lubrication; thin or boundary lubrication and extreme pressure lubrication, classification-Lubricating oils, greases and solid lubricants.

### **Text books :**

1. A text book of Engineering Chemistry by Jain& Jain, Dhanapat Roy publishing company, 15<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2006.
2. Engineering chemistry by Shiva Shankar, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2008.

## References :

1. Engineering Chemistry –Sashi chawala, Dhanpath Rai Publications, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2010.
2. A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry – C. Parameswara Murthy, C.V. Agarwal and Andhra Naidu, B.S. Publications, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2006.
3. Concise inorganic Chemistry-J.D.Lee, Black well science publications, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2005.
4. Advanced organic chemistry-Arun Bahl & B.S.Bahl, S.Chand Publications, 2010.
5. Physical chemistry- Gurudeep Raj, Goel Publications, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2007.
6. Text book of Engineering Chemistry - S.S. Dara, S. Chand Publications, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2006.



## ELECTRONIC DEVICES

Course Code : AEC1101

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

### Aim & Objectives :

All electronic equipment in the world consist of various components Like Diodes , Transistors, SCR etc. The different combinations of these active components result in the development of new equipment for various applications.

In this course the fundamental characteristics of various devices (components) are studied. The applications of all these devices are discussed.

### UNIT - I

#### ENERGY BANDS AND CHARGE CARRIERS IN SEMICONDUCTORS

Bonding forces in solids, energy bands, Metal, Semiconductor, Insulators, Direct & Indirect Semiconductor, Variation of energy bands with alloy composition, Electrons and holes, Effective mass, Intrinsic and Extrinsic material, Fermi level, carrier concentrations at equilibrium, temperature dependence of carrier concentrations, compensation and space charge neutrality, conductivity, mobility, hall effect.

### UNIT - II

#### EXCESS CARRIERS IN SEMICONDUCTORS

Direct recombination, indirect recombination, Steady state carrier generation, diffusion processes, diffusion and drift of carriers, continuity equation, steady state carrier injection, diffusion length.

## UNIT - III

### PN JUNCTION

The contact potential, equilibrium Fermi levels, space charges at a junction, qualitative and quantitative description of current flow at a junction, carrier injection, majority and minority carrier current. Zener & Avalanche Breakdown, time variation of stored charge, reverse recovery transient, capacitance of PN Junction region, ohmic contacts.

## UNIT - IV

### SEMICONDUCTOR DIODE CHARACTERISTICS

V-I characteristics of diode, temperature dependence, Zener diode characteristics, Zener diode as series and shunt regulator, Varactor Diode, LED, Photodiode, Solar cells.

## UNIT - V

### RECTIFIERS, FILTERS & REGULATORS

Half-wave rectifier, ripple factor, full-wave rectifier, Bridge rectifier, harmonic components in a rectifier circuit, inductor filter, capacitor filter, L-Section filters, multiple L-section filter, PI filter, comparison of various filter circuits in terms of ripple factor and regulation, Introduction to Power Supply and regulators.

## UNIT - VI

### BJT CHARACTERISTICS

Junction transistor, transistor current components, transistor as an amplifier & switch, input and output characteristics of transistor in C-B, C-E, C-C configurations,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  relation, typical voltage values.

## UNIT - VII

### FET & UJT CHARACTERISTICS

JFET characteristics (qualitative & quantitative discussion), MOSFET characteristics.

(Enhancement and Depletion Type), Negative resistance, UJT characteristics and applications.

## UNIT - VIII

### SPECIAL DEVICES

Degenerate semiconductors, tunnel diode, Semiconductor Lasers, PNPN device, SCR, DIAC, TRIAC, LCD, Schottky diode.

#### Text Books :

1. Millman Jacob Halkias C Christos : Electronic Devices and Circuits, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata Mcgrawhill Publications, 2007.
2. B.G. Streetman : Solid State Electronic Devices, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India Publications, 2002.

#### References :

1. Electronic Devices And Circuits, B. Visweswara Rao, K. Bhaskarram Murthy, K. Raja Rajeswari, P. Chalam Raju Pantulu. Pearson Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009.
2. Electronic Devices And Circuits: Raju GSN, IK International Publishing House, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2006.
3. Electronic Devices And Circuits Theory : Boylestad. Robert, PHI publications, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2008.
4. Electronic Devices & Circuits Vol I: Lal Kishore, BSP publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2005.
5. Electronic Devices And Circuits: Sanjeev Gupta, Dhanpat Rai publications, Reprint, 2003.
6. Electronic Devices And Circuits, K. Satyaprasad, VGS Publications, 2006.



## ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

**Course Code : ABE1101**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

**Aim :** To create awareness on environmental hazards.

**Objective :** The student shall acquire knowledge regarding utilization of natural resources, and the imbalance in ecosystems, environmental pollution caused by various practices and safe guards to be taken.

### UNIT - I

**MULTIDISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES :** Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

### UNIT - II

**NATURAL RESOURCES :** Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems -Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies. - Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. – Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources. Case studies. Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification. Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

### UNIT - III

**ECOSYSTEMS :** Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem. - Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. - Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems  
(ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

### UNIT - IV

**BIODIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION :** Introduction - Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity.- Bio-geographical classification of India - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social,ethical, aesthetic and option values - . Biodiversity at global, National and local levels. - . India as a megadiversity nation - Hot-spots of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, manwildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India - Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Exsitu conservation of biodiversity.

### UNIT - V

**ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION :** Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of :

- a. Air pollution
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution

- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

**SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT :** Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes. – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. - Pollution case studies. - Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

## UNIT - VI

**SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT :** From Unsustainable to Sustainable development -Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management -Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case Studies - Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. -Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies. -Wasteland reclamation. -Consumerism and waste products. –Environment Protection Act. -Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. -Water (Prevention and control of Pollution)

Act -Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act -Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness.

## UNIT - VII

**HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT :** Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion - Family Welfare Programme. -Environment and human health. -Human Rights. -Value Education. -HIV/AIDS. -Women and Child Welfare. -Role of information Technology in Environment and human health. -Case Studies.

## UNIT - VIII

**FIELD WORK :** Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River /forest grassland/hill/mountain -Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/ Rural/industrial/ Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, birds. - Study of simple ecosystems-pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

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**Text Books :**

- 1 Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission.
- 2 Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

**Reference :**

1. Textbook of Environmental Sciences and Technology by M. Anji Reddy, B



## NETWORKS LAB

**Course Code : AEE1102**

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	2

**Aim :** To introduce the student to the fundamental principles of Network Analysis.

**Objectives :** The student should be able to learn the basics of

- Network theorems
- Resonance Phenomena
- Self and Mutual Inductance of a coupled coil
- Time Response of Electric circuits
- Fundamentals of A.C.Circuits

\* The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

- Verification of Thevenin's and Nortons Theorem.
- Verification of Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.
- Verification of Superposition Theorem.
- Locus Diagrams of RL and RC Series Circuits.
- Series Resonance.
- Verification of Reciprocity Theorem.
- Determination of Self, Mutual Inductances and Coefficient of coupling.
- Determination of Form Factor for a Non-Sinusoidal Waveform.

- \* In addition to the above eight experiments, at least any two experiments from the following list are required to be conducted.
- 9) Verification of Kirchoff Laws.
  - 10) Harmonic analysis of non-sinusoidal waveform signal.
  - 11) Time Response of RL And RC Network for periodic Non-sinusoidal Input
  - 12) Measurement of Active Power for Balanced Loads.

**Text book :**

Network Analysis by N.C.Jagan and C-Lakshmi Narayana,  
B.S.Publications

**References :**

1. Network Analysis , by M.E Van Valkenburg , Prentice Hall of India, PVT Ltd, New Delhi.
2. Circuit Analysis , by Hayt and Kemmerly.



## PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LAB

**Course Code : ABP1102**

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	2

**Aim :** To give prerequisites in understanding the advanced Physics & Chemistry leading to applications in engineering field.

**Objectives :** Training the students to understand the principles, concepts helpful in doing laboratory classes individually. To mould them to solve any technical problem in general.

### LIST OF PHYSICS EXPERIMENTS

Any **SIX** of the following experiments are to be performed during the semester

01. Determination of rigidity modulus of the material of a given wire– Torsional pendulum
02. Verification of laws of vibration of stretched string - Sonometer
03. Determination of radius of curvature of a given convex lens - Newton's rings
04. Determination of wavelength of spectral lines of a mercury spectrum - Diffraction grating
05. Study of frequency response of LCR series and parallel resonant circuits
06. Study of variation of magnetic field along a circular current carrying conductor – Stewart & Gee apparatus
07. Determination of Hall coefficient and carrier concentration - Hall effect

08. Study of I-V characteristics of a solar cell
09. Optical Fibers – Determination of numerical aperture and losses in fibers
10. Measurement of dielectric constant of material by Waveguide method

### LIST OF CHEMISTRY EXPERIMENTS

Any **SIX** of the following experiments are to be performed during the semester.

1. Preparation of standard potassium dichromate and determination of ferrous iron.
2. Determination of hardness of water by EDTA method.
3. Determination of dissolved oxygen in water.
4. Determination of chlorides in water.
5. Determination of iron-II by potentiometric method.
6. Determination of viscosity of lubricant by viscometer.
7. Determination of flash and fire points of oils.
8. Determination of percentage residue of carbon in oils.
9. Determination of calorific value of solid fuels.
10. Colorometric determination of iron in cement.

### References :

1. Vogel's text book of quantitative chemical analysis, 6<sup>th</sup> ed. J.Mendham Et.al., Pearson Education.
2. Chemistry practical lab manual by Dr. K. B. Chandrasekhar
3. Laboratory Manual on Engineering Chemistry by K.Sudha Rani



## ENGINEERING WORKSHOP

**Course Code : AMT1101**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

**Aim :** To provide hands on experience on basic Engineering and IT related skills.

### Objectives :

- \* To train the student in the basics of computer components, maintenance, software(s) installation and office tools.
- \* To demonstrate and train the students in basic professional trades.

### Compulsory Exercises :

- Identification of the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions - Block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral. Disassembly and assembly of a personal computer.
- Installation of MS windows on the personal computer.
- One lamp controlled by a one-way switch and (b) Two-way switching for stair-case lamp

### Any Nine Exercises From The Following :

- **Carpentry:** Making a Cross-half lap joint using wooden pieces
- **Carpentry:** Making a Mortise and Tenon joint using wooden pieces
- **Fitting:** Preparation of a V-fit between mild steel flat pieces
- **Fitting:** Preparation of a Square-fit between mild steel flat pieces

- **Foundry:** Preparation of a sand mould using a single piece pattern
- **Foundry:** Preparation of a sand mould using a split piece pattern
- **Tin-Smithy:** Preparation of a sheet metal pipe-joint using tin-smithy tools
- **Tin-Smithy:** Preparation of a sheet metal funnel using tin-smithy tools
- **Welding:** Making a Lap joint through arc welding
- **Lathe Machine:** Demonstration of turning related activities on Lathe machine
- **Black smithy:** Demonstration of Black smithy trade
- **Plumbing:** Demonstration of Plumbing trade
- **Installation of Linux** on the computer wherein the windows was installed. The system should be configured as dual boot with both windows and Linux.
- **Hardware Troubleshooting :** Identification of the problem of a PC which does not boot (due to improper assembly or defective peripherals) and fixing it to get the computer back to working condition.
- **Software Troubleshooting :** Identification of the problem of a malfunctioning CPU (due to some system software problems) and fixing it to get the computer back to working condition.
- **Connectivity Boot Camp :** Connectivity to the Local Area Network and accessibility to the Internet. TCP / IP setting.
- **Web Browsers, Surfing the Web :** Customization the web browsers with the LAN proxy settings, bookmarks, search toolbars and pop up blockers. Also, plug-ins like Macromedia Flash and JRE for applets should be configured.

- **Using LaTeX and / word :** Creation of project certificate. Exposure to features like:- Formatting Fonts in word, Drop Cap in word, Applying Text effects, Using Character Spacing, Borders and Colors, Inserting Header and Footer, Using Date and Time option in both LaTeX and / Word.
- **Creating project abstract :** Features to be covered are: Formatting Styles, Inserting table, Bullets and Numbering, Changing Text Direction, Cell alignment, Footnote, Hyperlink, Symbols, Spell Check, Track Changes.
- **Creating a Newsletter :** Features to be covered are : Table of Content, Newspaper columns, Images from files and clipart, Drawing toolbar and Word Art, Formatting Images, Textboxes and Paragraphs
- **Creating a Feedback form -** Features to be covered are: Forms, Text Fields, Inserting objects, Mail Merge in Word.
- **Excel Orientation : Introduction of Excel** as a Spreadsheet tool, Using Excel –Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving excel files, Using help and resources
- **Creating a Scheduler -** Features to be covered are: Gridlines, Format Cells, Summation, auto fill, Formatting Text
- **Calculating GPA -** Features to be covered:- Cell Referencing, Formulae in excel – average, standard deviation, Charts, Renaming and Inserting worksheets, Hyper linking, Count function, LOOKUP/VLOOKUP
- **Performance Analysis -** Features to be covered:- Split cells, freeze panes, group and outline, Sorting, Boolean and logical operators, Conditional formatting

- **Power point presentation**
- Exposure to basic power point utilities and tools (PPT Orientation, Slide Layouts, Inserting Text, Word Art, Formatting Text, Bullets and Numbering, Auto Shapes, Lines and Arrows in both LaTeX and Power point, Hyperlinks, inserting Images, Clip Art, Audio, Video, Objects, Tables, Charts) .to create basic power point presentation.





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***SYLLABI FOR III SEMESTER***

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## MATHEMATICS – III

(Common to ECE, EEE)

**Course Code: ABM1104**

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

### Aim:

To acquire basic knowledge in the theory of functions of complex variables and special functions.

### Objective:

The primary objective of this course is to introduce the special functions and to develop the theory that is prominent in applications of the subject. A special emphasis has been given to the application of residues and conformal mappings.

### UNIT-I

**BETA AND GAMMA FUNCTIONS:** Beta-function and Gamma function, relation between Beta and Gamma functions, results and problems. (7.14 - 7.16)

### UNIT-II

**BESSEL'S AND LEGENDRE'S FUNCTIONS:** Bessel's function, Recurrence formulae, Expansions for  $J_0(x)$ ,  $J_1(x)$ , Generating function, Orthogonality of Bessel functions

Legendre's function, Rodrigue's formula, Recurrence formulae, Orthogonality of Legendre polynomials. (16.6 – 16.9, 16.11, 16.13 – 16.17)

### UNIT – III

**FUNCTIONS OF A COMPLEX VARIABLE:** Complex function, Limit, Continuity and Derivative of a Complex function, Cauchy- Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar form, Analytic functions, Harmonic functions, Milne –Thomson method. (20.2 – 20.5)

### UNIT- IV

## ELEMENTARY FUNCTIONS OF A COMPLEX VARIABLE:

Exponential and Circular functions of a Complex variable, Hyperbolic and Inverse Hyperbolic functions, Real and Imaginary parts of Circular and Hyperbolic functions, Logarithmic function of a complex variable. (19.8 - 19.13)

## UNIT- V

**COMPLEX INTEGRATION:** Complex Integration, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy's Integral Formula, Morera's theorem, Cauchy's inequality, Liouville's theorem, Poisson's integral formulae. (20.12 - 20.15)

## UNIT-VI

**COMPLEX POWER SERIES:** Series of complex terms, Taylor's series, Laurent's series, Zeros of an analytic function (20.16 - 20.17)

## UNIT-VII

**RESIDUES:** Residues, Residue theorem, Calculation of residues, Evaluation of real definite integrals. (20.18 - 20.20)

## UNIT-VIII

**CONFORMAL MAPPINGS:** Geometrical representation of  $w=f(z)$ , Standard transformations, bilinear transformation, Conformal transformations:  $w=z^2$ ,  $w=z + 1/z$ ,  $w=e^z$ ,  $w=\sin z$ ,  $w=\cos z$ ,  $w=\sinh z$ ,  $w=\cosh z$ . (20.7, 20.8, 20.10)

## Text Book:

Dr.B.S.Grewal "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 40<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers

## Reference Books:

1. James Ward Brown & Ruel V. Churchill. Complex Variables and Applications (Seventh Edition). McGraw-Hill College. 2004
2. Functions Of A Complex Variable by Goyal JK , Gupta KP, Publisher: Pragati Prakashan



# ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS

(Common to ECE, EEE)

Course Code: AEC1103

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

## Aim & Objectives:

To introduce the basic design concepts of low frequency, high frequency amplifiers and oscillators circuits using various transistors for different applications.

## UNIT-I

**BIASING AND STABILIZATION:** BJT biasing, DC equivalent model, criteria for fixing operating point, methods of Bias stabilization, Thermal runaway, Thermal stability, Compensation Techniques, Biasing of JFET and MOSFET.

## UNIT-II

**SMALL SIGNAL AMPLIFIERS :** h-parameter representation of a transistor, Analysis of single stage transistor amplifier using h-parameters:  $A_v$ ,  $A_i$ ,  $R_i$ ,  $R_o$  (CB, CE & CC), Small signal model of FET and MOSFET (CG, CD & CS configurations).

## UNIT -III

**MULTI STAGE AMPLIFIERS:** Concept of Multi Stage Amplifiers, Methods of Inter Stage Coupling, Two Stage RC Coupled amplifier (CE configuration), n-Stage Cascaded Amplifiers, Equivalent Circuits, Miller's Theorem, Frequency Effects, High Input Resistance Transistor Circuits: Cascode Transistor Configuration, CE-CC Amplifiers, Frequency response of RC Coupled Amplifiers using BJT, Gain Bandwidth Product.

## UNIT -IV

**HIGH FREQUENCY TRANSISTOR CIRCUITS:** Transistor at High Frequencies, Hybrid- $\pi$  Common Emitter Transconductance Model, Determination of Hybrid- $\pi$  Conductances, Variation of Hybrid Parameters

with  $|I_C|$ ,  $|V_{CE}|$  and Temperature, The Parameters  $f_o$ , expression for  $f_a$ ,  $f_a$ , Current Gain with Resistance Load, CE Short Circuit Current Gain.

## UNIT- V

**FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS:** Concept of feedback, Classification of feedback amplifiers, General characteristics of negative feedback amplifiers, Effect of Feedback on Amplifier characteristics, Analysis of negative feedback amplifiers.

## UNIT-VI

**OSCILLATORS:** Condition for oscillations, RC and LC type Oscillators: Hartley, and Colpitts Oscillators, RC-phase shift and Wien-bridge oscillators using BJT and JFET, Frequency and amplitude stability of oscillators, Crystal oscillators.

## UNIT -VII

**POWER AMPLIFIERS:** Class- A Power Amplifier, Maximum Value of Efficiency of Class- A Amplifier, Transformer Coupled Amplifier, Transformer Coupled Audio Amplifier, Push Pull Amplifier, Complimentary Symmetry Circuits (Transformer Less Class B Power Amplifier), Class C Power Amplifier, Phase Inverters, Class D Operation, Class S Operation, Heat Sinks.

## UNIT -VIII

**TUNED AMPLIFIERS:** Single Tuned Capacitive Coupled Amplifier, Tapped Single Tuned Capacitance Coupled Amplifier, Single Tuned Transformer Coupled or Inductively Coupled Amplifier, CE Double Tuned Amplifier, Stagger Tuning, Stability Considerations, Tuned Class B and Class C Amplifiers, Wideband Amplifiers, Applications of Tuned Amplifiers.

## Text Books:

1. Electronic Devices and Circuits – J.Millman and C.C.Halkias, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits – R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, Pearson/Prentice Hall, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2008.

3. Electronic Devices and Circuits – B.Visweswara Rao, K.Bhaskarram Murthy, K.Raja Rajeswari, P.Chalam Raju Pantulu, Pearson Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009.
4. Electronic Devices and Circuits – Raju GSN, IK International, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2006.

### References:

1. Electronic Devices and Circuits – T.F. Bogart Jr., J.S.Beasley and G.Rico, Pearson Education, 6th edition, 2004.
2. Principles of Electronic Circuits – S.G.Burns and P.R.Bond, Galgotia Publications, 2nd Edn.,1998.
3. Microelectronics – Millman and Grabel, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2001.
4. Electronic Devices and Circuits – S.Salivahanan, N.Suresh Kumar, A.Vallavaraj, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH, 2007.
5. Electronic Devices and Circuits – K. Lal Kishore, B.S. Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2005.



## PRIME MOVERS AND PUMPS

Course Code: ACE1152

L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

### Aim:

To introduce the concepts of Pumps and Hydraulic Prime Movers to make the students gainful.

### Objective:

To Gain basic knowledge on Fluid Statics, Fluid Dynamics, closed conduit flows and know the basic machinery with their efficiencies. Create much awareness on Hydro Electric Power Stations, Turbines, Pumps and their performances.

### UNIT-I

**FLUID STATICS:** Dimensions and units: physical properties of fluids-specific gravity, viscosity, surface tension- vapor pressure and their influence on fluid motion- atmospheric gauge and vacuum pressure –measurement of pressure- Piezometer, U-tube and differential manometers.

### UNIT-II

**FLUID KINEMATICS AND DYNAMICS:** Stream line, path line and streak lines and stream tube, classification of flows-steady & unsteady, uniform, non uniform, laminar, turbulent, rotational, and irrotational flows-equation of continuity for one dimensional flow.Surface and body forces –Euler’s and Bernoulli’s equations for flow along a stream line, momentum equation and its application on force on pipe bend.

### UNIT-III

**CLOSED CONDUIT FLOW:** Reynold’s experiment- “Darcy Weisbach” equation- Minor losses in pipes- pipes in series and pipes in parallel- total energy line-hydraulic gradient line.Measurement of flow: pitot tube, venturimeter, and orifice meter, Flow nozzle, Turbine flow meter (Ref.4)

## UNIT-IV

**BASIC TURBO MACHINERY:** Hydrodynamic force of jets on stationary and moving flat, inclined, and curved vanes, jet striking centrally and at tip, velocity diagrams, work done and efficiency, flow over radial vanes.

## UNIT-V

**HYDROELECTRIC POWER STATIONS:** Elements of hydro electric power station-types-concept of pumped storage plants-storage requirements, mass curve (explanation only) estimation of power developed from a given catchment area; heads and efficiencies.

## UNIT-VI

**HYDRAULIC TURBINES:** Classification of turbines, impulse and reaction turbines, Pelton wheel, Francis turbine and Kaplan turbine-working principles, work done, efficiencies, hydraulic design—draft tube theory, functions and efficiency.

## UNIT-VII

**PERFORMANCE OF HYDRAULIC TURBINES:** Geometric similarity, Unit and specific quantities, characteristic curves, governing of turbines, selection of type of turbine, cavitation, surge tank, water hammer.

## UNIT-VIII

**CENTRIFUGAL AND RECIPROCATING PUMPS:** Classification, working of centrifugal pump, work done – manometric head- losses and efficiencies- specific speed- pumps in series and parallel-performance characteristic curves, NPSH. Working of reciprocating pumps, Discharge, slip, percentage slip, indicator diagrams.

### Text Books:

1. P.N.MODI and S.M.SETH, “Hydraulics, fluid mechanics and Hydraulic machinery”, Standard Book House, New Delhi
2. R. K. Rajput , “Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines”, S.Cand & Company (Ltd.) New Delhi.
3. Banga & Sharma,” Hydraulic Machines”, Khanna Publishers.

**Reference Books:**

1. D.S. Kumar, Kataria S.K & Sons, “Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Power Engineering”.
2. D. Rama Durgaiah, “Fluid Mechanics and Machinery”, New Age International.
3. Dr. R .K. Bansal,”A text of Fluid mechanics and hydraulic machines”, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
4. James W. Dally, William E. Riley, “Instrumentation for Engineering Measurements”, John Wiley & Sons Inc. 2004 (Chapter 12 – Fluid Flow Measurements)



# SWITCHING THEORY AND LOGIC DESIGN

## (Common to ECE, EEE)

**Course Code : AEC1106**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **Aim & Objectives:**

1. To design combinational & sequential digital circuits used in digital systems.
2. To introduce programmable logic devices.

### **UNIT-I**

**NUMBER SYSTEMS & CODES:** Philosophy of number systems, complement representation of negative numbers, binary arithmetic, binary codes, error detecting & error correcting codes, hamming codes.

### **UNIT-II**

**BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND SWITCHING FUNCTIONS:** Fundamental postulates of Boolean Algebra, Basic theorems and properties, switching functions, Canonical and Standard forms, Algebraic simplification digital logic gates, properties of XOR gates, universal gates, Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations.

### **UNIT-III**

**MINIMIZATION OF SWITCHING FUNCTIONS:** Map method, Prime implicants, Don't care combinations, Minimal SOP and POS forms, Tabular Method, Prime –Implicants chart, simplification rules.

### **UNIT-IV**

**COMBINATIONAL LOGIC DESIGN:** Design using conventional logic gates, Encoder, Decoder, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer, Modular design using IC chips, MUX Realization of switching functions, Parity bit generator, Code-converters, Hazards and hazard free realizations.

### **UNIT -V**

**PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC DEVICES, THRESHOLD LOGIC:** Basic PLD's-ROM, PROM, PLA, PAL Realization of Switching functions,

Capabilities and limitations of Threshold gate, Synthesis of Threshold functions, Multigate Synthesis.

## UNIT -VI

**SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS - I:** Classification of sequential circuits (Synchronous, Asynchronous, Pulse mode, Level mode with examples), Basic flip-flops-Triggering and excitation tables, registers, shift registers, Steps in synchronous sequential circuit design, synchronous counters, ripple counters.

## UNIT -VII

**SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS - II:** Design of modulo-N Ring & Shift counters, Serial binary adder, sequence detector, Finite state machine-capabilities and limitations, Mealy and Moore models-minimization of completely specified sequential machines, Partition techniques, incompletely specified sequential machines using merger table.

## UNIT -VIII

**ALGORITHMIC STATE MACHINES:** Salient features of the ASM chart, Simple examples, System design using data path and control subsystems, control implementations, examples of weighing machine and binary multiplier.

### Text Books:

1. Digital Design – Morris Mano, PHI, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2006.
2. Switching & Finite Automata theory – Zvi Kohavi, TMH, 2nd Edition, 2008.
3. Modern Digital Electronics – R.P.Jain, TMH, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2006.

### References:

1. An Engineering Approach to Digital Design – Fletcher, PHI, 1980.
2. Fundamentals of Logic Design – Charles H. Roth, Thomson Publications, 5th Edition, 2004.
3. Digital Logic Applications and Design – John M. Yarbrough, Thomson Learning Publications, 2001.



## ELECTROMAGNETICS

**Course Code: AEE1103**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **Aim:**

To know the fundamental knowledge of Electricity, Magnetism and Electromagnetism.

### **Objective:**

The objective of this course is to introduce the concepts of electric field and magnetic fields and their applications which will be utilized in the development of the theory for power transmission lines and electrical machines.

### **UNIT – I**

**ELECTROSTATICS:** Electrostatic Fields – Coulomb’s Law – Electric Field Intensity (EFI) – EFI due to a line and a surface charge – Work done in moving a point charge in an electrostatic field – Electric Potential – Properties of potential function – Potential gradient – Gauss’s law, Application of Gauss’s Law – Maxwell’s first law,  $\text{div}(\mathbf{D})=\rho_v$ .

### **UNIT – II**

**CONDUCTORS AND DIPOLE:** Laplace’s and Poisson’s equations – Solution of Laplace’s equation in one variable. Electric dipole – Dipole moment – potential and EFI due to an electric dipole – Torque on an Electric dipole in an electric field – Behavior of conductors in an electric field – Conductors and Insulators.

### **UNIT – III**

**DIELECTRIC & CAPACITANCE:** Electric field inside a dielectric material – polarization – Dielectric – Conductor and Dielectric – Dielectric boundary conditions, Capacitance – Capacitance of parallel plate and spherical and co-axial capacitors with composite dielectrics

– Energy stored and energy density in a static electric field – Current density – conduction and Convection current densities – Ohm’s law in point form – Equation of continuity

#### UNIT – IV

**MAGNETO STATICS:** Static magnetic fields – Biot-Savart’s law – Oesterd’s experiment - Magnetic field intensity (MFI) – MFI due to a straight current carrying filament – MFI due to circular, square and solenoid current – Carrying wire – Relation between magnetic flux, magnetic flux density and MFI – Maxwell’s second Equation,  $\text{div}(\mathbf{B})=0$ .

#### UNIT – V

##### **AMPERE’S CIRCUITAL LAW AND ITS APPLICATIONS:**

Ampere’s circuital law and its applications viz. MFI due to an infinite sheet of current and a long current carrying filament – Point form of Ampere’s circuital law – Maxwell’s third equation,  $\text{Curl}(\mathbf{H})=\mathbf{J}_c$ , Field due to a circular loop, rectangular and square loops.

#### UNIT – VI :

**FORCE IN MAGNETIC FIELDS:** Magnetic force - Moving charges in a Magnetic field – Lorentz force equation – force on a current element in a magnetic field – Force on a straight and a long current carrying conductor in a magnetic field – Force between two straight long and parallel current carrying conductors – Magnetic dipole and dipole moment – a differential current loop as a magnetic dipole – Torque on a current loop placed in a magnetic field

#### UNIT – VII :

**MAGNETIC POTENTIAL:** Scalar Magnetic potential and its limitations – vector magnetic potential and its properties – vector magnetic potential due to simple configurations – vector Poisson’s equations. Self and Mutual inductance – Neumann’s formulae – determination of self-inductance of a solenoid and toroid and mutual inductance between a straight long wire and a square loop wire in the same plane – energy stored and density in a magnetic field. Introduction to permanent magnets, their characteristics and applications.

**UNIT – VIII :**

**TIME VARYING FIELDS :** Time varying fields – Faraday’s laws of electromagnetic induction – Its integral and point forms – Maxwell’s fourth equation,  $\text{Curl}(\mathbf{E}) = -\partial\mathbf{B}/\partial t$  – Statically and Dynamically induced EMFs – Simple problems. Modification of Maxwell’s equations for time varying fields – Displacement current – Poynting Theorem and Poynting vector.

**Text Books :**

1. William H. Hayt & John. A. Buck ,“Engineering Electromagnetics” 7<sup>th</sup> Editon.2006., Mc. Graw-Hill Companies.
2. Sadiku ,“Electro Magnetic Fields”, 4<sup>th</sup> edition Oxford Publications.

**Reference Books :**

1. D J Griffiths, “Introduction to Electro Dynamics”, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.
2. J. D Kraus, “Electromagnetics”, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Mc Graw-Hill Inc, 1992.
3. N.Narayana Rao,”Elements of Engineering Electromagnetic, Prentice – Hall of India Pvt Ltd.



## PERFORMANCE AND DESIGN OF DC MACHINES

**Course Code: AEE1104**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **Aim:**

To familiarize the student with the principles of Electro-Mechanical Energy Conversion with particular reference to D.C. Machines that find wide application in industry. The course covers construction, performance and design aspects of D.C. Machines.

### **Objective:**

In this course the different types of DC generators and motors which are widely used in industry are covered and their performance and design aspects will be studied.

### **UNIT – I**

**ELECTROMECHANICAL ENERGY CONVERSION:** Basic principle of electromechanical energy conversion. Forces and torque in Permanent and electro magnetic field systems; energy balance and flow of energy – Energy and force in a singly excited magnetic field system; Determination of magnetic force. Co-energy- multi-excited magnetic field systems. Examples involving linear cases.

### **UNIT – II**

**D.C. MACHINES – CONSTRUCTION & OPERATION :** D.C. Generators – Principle of operation – Action of commutator – constructional features – armature windings – Simple lap and wave windings – E.M.F Equation – Problems

### **UNIT – III**

**ARMATURE REACTION & COMMUTATION IN D.C. MACHINES:** Armature reaction – Cross magnetizing and de-magnetizing AT/pole – compensating winding – commutation – reactance voltage – methods of improving commutation: interpole winding

## UNIT – IV

**CHARACTERISTICS OF D.C GENERATORS:** Methods of Excitation – separately excited and self excited generators – build-up of E.M.F - critical field resistance and critical speed - causes for failure to self excite and remedial measures. Load characteristics of shunt, series and compound generators – parallel operation of d.c shunt, series and compound generators – use of equalizer bar and cross connection of field windings – load sharing.

## UNIT – V

**D.C. MOTORS:** D.C Motors – Torque equation – characteristics and application of shunt, series and compound motors. Starting of motors – 3 and 4 point starter with protective devices. Calculation of starter – steps for a shunt machine.

## UNIT – VI

**CONVENTIONAL METHODS OF SPEED CONTROL:** Conventional methods of Speed control of DC. Motors: Armature voltage and field flux control methods. Ward-Leonard system. Braking of DC machines – Plugging, dynamic and regenerative braking.

## UNIT – VII

**TESTING OF D.C. MACHINES:** Testing of DC. machines: Losses – Constant & Variable losses – calculation of efficiency – condition for maximum efficiency

Methods of Testing – direct, indirect and regenerative testing – brake test – Swinburne’s test – Hopkinson’s test – Field’s test – Retardation test – separation of losses in a DC Motor.

## UNIT – VIII

**PRINCIPLES OF DESIGN:** Specific electric loading, flux density in air gap. Output coefficient. Design of main dimensions(D,L). Design of field poles, armature and field winding, commutator and brushes. Illustrative examples.

### Text Books:

1. I.J. Nagrath & D.P. Kothari, ” Electric Machines”, Tata McGraw – Hill Publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2004.

2. P.S. Bimbira , “ Electrical Machines “, Khanna Publishers.
3. A.K.Sawhney,”Design of Electrical machine”, Dhanpat Rai and Sons.

### Reference Books:

1. Clayton & Hancock, “Performance and Design of D.C.Machines”,BPB Publishers.
2. A. E. Fritzgerald, C. Kingsley and S. Umans,”Electric Machinery”, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill Companies.
3. S.K. Battacharya, “Electrical Machines”.



## PRIME MOVERS AND PUMPS LAB

**Course Code: ACE1153**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

### **Aim:**

To introduce the concepts of Pumps and Hydraulic Prime Movers to make the students gainful.

### **Objective:**

To Gain basic knowledge on Fluid Statics, Fluid Dynamics, closed conduit flows and know the basic machinery with their efficiencies. Create much awareness on Hydro Electric Power Stations, Turbines, Pumps and their performances.

1. Impact of jets on Vanes
2. Performance Test on Pelton Wheel, Turbine.
3. Performance Test on Francis Turbine
4. Performance Test on Kaplan Turbine
5. Performance Test on Single Stage Centrifugal Pump
6. Performance Test on Multi Stage Centrifugal Pump
7. Performance Test on Reciprocating Pump
8. Calibration of Venturimeter
9. Calibration of Orifice meter.
10. Determination of friction factor for a given pipe line.
11. Determination of loss of head due to sudden contraction in a pipeline.
12. Verification of Bernoulli's theorem.

Note: Any 10 of the above 12 experiments are to be conducted.



## DC MACHINES LAB

Course Code: AEE1105

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	2

### Aim:

To introduce the basic concepts of DC Machines

### Objective:

The lab is intended for the students to get hands on experience in dealing with DC Machines.

**The following experiments are required to be conducted compulsory experiments :**

1. Magnetization characteristics of DC shunt generator. Determination of critical field resistance and critical speed.
2. Load test on DC shunt generator. Determination of characteristics.
3. Load test on DC compound generator. Determination of characteristics.
4. Speed control of DC shunt motor
5. Hopkinson's test on DC shunt machines. Predetermination of efficiency.
6. Brake test on DC shunt motor. Determination of performance characteristics.
7. Swinburne's test. Predetermination of efficiencies.
8. Brake test on DC compound motor. Determination of performance curves.

**In addition to the above eight experiments, atleast any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted:**

9. Brake test on DC series motor.
10. Retardation test on DC shunt motor.
11. Separation of losses in DC shunt motor.
12. Field test on DC series machines.

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***SYLLABI FOR IV SEMESTER***

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## MATHEMATICS – IV

### (Common to ECE, EEE)

**Course Code: ABM1107**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

#### **Aim:**

To acquire basic knowledge of probability and numerical computation.

#### **Objective:**

The primary objective of this course is to introduce the Mathematical concepts of probability that are sufficiently general they can apply to any suitably defined random phenomena and also shall be able to apply methods of numerical computation for real time problems.

#### **UNIT-I**

**PROBABILITY:** Probability Introduced through Sets and Relative Frequency, Joint and Conditional Probability, Independent Events, Combined Experiments, (1.3 – 1.6 of [1])

#### **UNIT-II**

**RANDOM VARIABLE-EXPECTATION:** The Random Variable Concept, Distribution Function, Density Function, The Gaussian Random Variable, Conditional Distribution and Density Function, Expectation, Transformations of a Random Variable. ( 2.1 –2.4, 2.6, 3.1, 3.2, 3.4 of [1] )

#### **UNIT-III**

**MULTIPLE RANDOM VARIABLES:** Vector Random Variables, Joint Distribution and Its Properties, Joint Density and Its Properties, Conditional Distribution and Density, Statistical Independence, Distribution and Density of a sum of Random Variables, Central Limit Theorem (without proof). 4.1 – 4.7 of [1])

## UNIT-1V

### **OPERATIONS ON MULTIPLE RANDOM VARIABLES :**

Expected Value of a Function of Random Variables, Jointly Gaussian Random Variables, Transformations of Multiple Random Variables.

(5.1, 5.3, 5.4 of [1] )

## UNIT- V

### **RANDOM PROCESS – TEMPORAL CHARACTERISTICS:**

The Random Process Concept, Stationarity and Independence, Correlation Functions, Measurement of Correlation Functions, Gaussian Random Processes, Poisson Random Process (6.1 – 6.6 of [1] )

## UNIT- VI

### **SOLUTION OF ALGEBRAIC AND TRANSCENDENTAL**

**EQUATIONS:** Introduction to Numerical Methods, Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations-Bisection method, method of false position, Newton's method, Iteration method, Finite differences, Differences of a polynomial, Difference operators

(28.1, 28.2, 29.1, 29.2 & 29.4 of [2] )

## UNIT-VII

**INTERPOLATION:** Newton's interpolation formulae, Central difference interpolation formulae, Interpolation with unequal intervals – Lagrange's formula, Newton's divided difference formula, Inverse interpolation.

( 29.5, 29.6, 29.8& 29.9 of [2] )

## UNIT-VIII

### **NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION:**

Numerical differentiation, Numerical Integration – Newton-cote's formula, Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's  $1/3^{\text{rd}}$  rule, Simpson's  $3/8^{\text{th}}$  rule, Weddle's rule. (29.10, 29.12 of [2])

**Text Books:**

1. Peyton Z. Peebles, Jr., Ph.D. “Probability, Random Variables and Random Signal Principles”, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited
2. Dr.B.S.Grewal “Higher Engineering Mathematics”, 40<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers

**Reference Books:**

1. Athanasios Papoulis and S.Unnikrishna Pillai, Probability, Random variables and Stochastic processes, PHI, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition 2002
2. M.K.Jain, S.R.K.Iyengar and R.K.Jain, Numerical Methods for scientific and Engineering Computation, , New age International Publishers
3. S. S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Prentice Hall India Pvt., Limited.



## NETWORK ANALYSIS AND SYNTHESIS

**Course Code: AEE1106**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **Aim:**

This second course in Network Analysis can be treated both as complement and supplement to the basic course. This course opens for entry to wide range of advanced courses such as Systems Theory, Control Systems, Analog & Digital Networks etc.,

### **Objective:**

This course trains the student to think deep into the subject for analyzing the time – advance and frequency domain analysis of systems in general and prepare, the student for advanced learning and research.

### **UNIT – I :**

**NETWORK TOPOLOGY:** Linear Graphs in Electrical Networks, Basic Definitions, Incidence, Loop and cut-set matrices, Fundamental Loop and Fundamental Cut-Set Matrices, Graph Theoretic version of KCL and KVL, Loop Impedance and Node Admittance Matrices.

### **UNIT – II :**

**A REVIEW OF LAPLACE TRANSFORMS:** Laplace Transform of unit step, unit ramp, exponential and periodic signals, Laplace Transform of Impulse and Doublet Functions, Inverse Transform Shifting Theorems, Initial Value & Final Value Theorems, Convolution Theorem.

### **UNIT – III :**

**LAPLACE TRANSFORM APPLICATION TO NETWORK ANALYSIS:** Solution of RLC Networks using Laplace Transforms, concept of complex frequency, Transform Impedance (or Operational Impedance) unit step and unit impulse responses, Impulse response and convolution, Embedding initial conditions as circuit

elements, Evaluation of Initial State of a Network, the special cases of all inductor loops and all capacitor cut sets.

#### **UNIT – IV :**

**NETWORK FUNCTIONS POLES AND ZEROS AND TWO-PORT NETWORKS:** Driving Point Functions Poles and Zeros, O.C & S.C critical frequencies, Properties of Driving Point Functions, Two Port Networks, immittance, Transmission and Hybrid Parameters, Interconnection of 2 – Ports.

#### **UNIT – V :**

**FOURIER TRANSFORMS:** Fourier Series of Typical Wave Forms, Complex Fourier Series, Fourier Spectra Fourier Integral and Fourier Transforms of typical signals, Analysis of simple networks in steady state to Non-sinusoidal periodic signals, Power Spectrum of Periodic Signals.

#### **UNIT – VI :**

**NETWORK SYNTHESIS (DRIVING POINT SYNTHESIS ONLY):** Positive Real (PR) functions, Hurwitz Polynomials, Testing of PR functions, Elementary Synthesis Operations.

#### **UNIT – VII :**

**LC NETWORK SYNTHESIS:** Driving Point Functions of LC Networks Interlacing Properties of Poles & Zeros and Foster's Reactance Theorem, Synthesis by Foster's and Cauer Forms.

#### **UNIT – VIII :**

**RC AND RL NETWORK SYNTHESIS:** The driving Point Functions of RC & RL Networks derived from LC functions, Foster and Cauer forms of RC & RL driving Point Functions.

#### **Text Books:**

1. M.E. Van Valkenburg, Network Analysis, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2000
2. Franklyn F. Kuo, Network Analysis and Synthesis, Wiley International, 2006

3. N.C.Jagan and C. Lakshmi Narayana, Network Analysis, B.S. Publications, 2008

### Reference Books:

1. M.E. Van Valkenburg, Introduction to Modern Network Synthesis, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, 1993.
2. Charles K. Alexander, Mathew N.O Sadika : Fundamentals of Electric Circuits, TMH Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 3<sup>rd</sup> Editions, 2008.
3. Umesh Sinha, Network Analysis and Synthesis, Satya Publications, 2007.



## PULSE AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS

(Common to ECE, EEE)

**Course Code: AEC1105**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **Aim & Objectives:**

1. To design Linear & Non Linear waveshaping Circuits.
2. To design Logic circuits using semiconductor devices.
3. Generation of various waveforms.

### **UNIT -I**

**LINEAR WAVESHAPING:** Low pass & High pass RC circuits, their response for sinusoidal, step, pulse, square and ramp inputs, RC network as differentiator and integrator, attenuators, its applications in CRO probe, RL and RLC circuits and their response for step input, Ringing circuit.

### **UNIT -II**

**NON-LINEAR WAVE SHAPING:** Diode clippers, Transistor clippers, clipping at two independent levels, Transfer characteristics of clippers, Emitter coupled clipper, Comparators, applications of voltage comparators, clamping operation, clamping circuits using diode with different inputs, Clamping circuit theorem, practical clamping circuits, effect of diode characteristics on clamping voltage, Transfer characteristics of clampers.

### **UNIT -III**

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS OF DEVICES:** Diode as a switch, piecewise linear diode characteristics, Transistor as a switch, Break down voltage consideration of transistor, saturation parameters of Transistor and their variation with temperature, Design of transistor switch, transistor-switching times.

### **UNIT -IV**

**MULTIVIBRATORS:** Analysis and Design of Bistable, Monostable, Astable Multivibrators and Schmitt trigger using transistors.

## UNIT -V

**TIME BASE GENERATORS:** General features of a time base signal, methods of generating time base waveform, Miller and Bootstrap time base generators – basic principles, Transistor miller time base generator, Transistor Bootstrap time base generator, Current time base generators.

## UNIT-VI

**SYNCHRONIZATION AND FREQUENCY DIVISION:** Principles of Synchronization, Frequency division in sweep circuit, Astable relaxation circuits, Monostable relaxation circuits, Synchronization of a sweep circuit with symmetrical signals, Sine wave frequency division with a sweep circuit.

## UNIT-VII

**SAMPLING GATES:** Basic operating principles of sampling gates, Unidirectional and Bi-directional sampling gates, Reduction of pedestal in gate circuits, Applications of sampling gates.

## UNIT -VIII

**REALIZATION OF LOGIC GATES USING DIODES & TRANSISTORS:** AND, OR gates using Diodes, Resistor, Transistor Logic, Diode Transistor Logic.

### Text Books:

1. Pulse, Digital and Switching Waveforms - J. Millman and H. Taub, McGraw-Hill, 2008.
2. Pulse and Digital Circuits – A. Anand Kumar, PHI, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2005.

### References:

1. Solid State Pulse circuits - David A. Bell, PHI, 4th Edn., 2002
2. Wave Generation and Shaping - L. Strauss, 2nd Edition, TMH, 1970.
3. Pulse, Digital Circuits and Computer Fundamentals - R.Venkataraman.



## POWER GENERATION ENGINEERING

**Course Code: AEE1107**

L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

### **Aim:**

To introduce Power Plant Engineering to the students of Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

### **Objective:**

Electrical Power plays significant role in day to day life of entire mankind. This course concerns the generation of power along with the economic aspects.

### **UNIT-I :**

**THERMAL POWER STATIONS:** Line diagram of Thermal Power Station (TPS) showing paths of coal, steam, water, air, ash and flue gases.- Brief description of TPS components: Economizers, Boilers, Super heaters, Turbines, Condensers, Chimney and Cooling towers, ESP, Turbo-Generator Features.

### **UNIT-II :**

**HYDROELECTRIC POWER STATIONS:** Plant Layout, Classification, Components, Calculation of Available Power, Hydrology, Hydroelectric Power Plant, Hydroelectric Generator Features.

### **UNIT-III :**

**NUCLEAR POWER STATIONS:** Nuclear Power Stations: Nuclear Fission and Chain reaction.- Nuclear fuels.- Principle of operation of Nuclear reactor.-Reactor Components: Moderators, Control rods, Reflectors and Coolants.- Types of Nuclear reactors and brief description of PWR, BWR and FBR, Radiation hazards: Shielding and Safety precautions.

## UNIT-IV :

### GAS AND DIESEL POWER STATIONS

**GAS POWER STATIONS:** Principle of Operation and Components (Block Diagram Approach Only), Combined Cycle Power Plant.

**Diesel Power Stations:** Main Components, Schematic arrangement, Diesel Engine types and characteristics, Plant Operation, Plant layout.

#### Unit-V

**NON-CONVENTIONAL SOURCES OF ENERGY:** Renewable Energy sources-Advantages-Obstacles to the implementation of Renewable Energy sources-Prospects-Introduction to Solar Energy, Wind Energy, Bio-Mass Energy, Geo Thermal Energy, Ocean Energy, Tidal and Wave Energies-Schematic Diagrams and Principle of Operation only.

#### Unit-VI

**SUBSTATIONS:** Classification of substations: Air insulated substations - Indoor & Outdoor substations: Substations layout showing the location of all the substation equipment. Bus bar arrangements in the Sub-Stations: Simple arrangements like single bus bar, sectionalized single bus bar, main and transfer bus bar system, main and transfer bus bar system, one-and-a-half breaker scheme with relevant diagrams.

Gas insulated substations (GIS) – Advantages , different types , single line diagram , bus bar arrangement, construction aspects of GIS, Installation and maintenance of GIS, Comparison of Air insulated substations and Gas insulated substations.

#### Unit-VII

**ECONOMICS OF POWER GENERATION:** Load curve, load duration and integrated load duration curves-load, demand, diversity, capacity, utilization and plant use factors- Numerical Problems.

#### Unit-VIII :

**TARIFF METHODS:** Costs of Generation and their division into Fixed, Semi-fixed and Running Costs, Desirable Characteristics of a Tariff Method, Tariff Methods- Flat Rate, Block-Rate, two-part, three –part, and power factor tariff methods, Numerical Problems

**Text Books:**

1. M.L. Soni, P.V. Gupta, U.S. Bhatnagar and A. Chakraborti, “A Text Book on Power System Engineering”, Dhanpat Rai & Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1999.
2. G.D. Rai, “Non-Conventional Energy Sources” , Khanna Publishers, 2007

**Reference Books:**

1. M.V. Deshpande, “Elements of Power Station Design and Practice”, Wheeler Publishing, 1979
2. Fredrick T. Morse, “Power Plant Engineering”, East-West Press
3. Arora and S.Domkundwar, “Power Plant Engineering”, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, 1978.



## PERFORMANCE AND DESIGN OF AC MACHINES-I

**Course Code: AEE1108**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **Aim:**

At the end of this course a student will be able to evaluate the equivalent circuit, efficiency and regulation of Transformer, Induction Machine and basic design principles.

### **Objective:**

This subject facilitates to study of the performance of Transformers and Induction motors which are the major part of industrial drives and agricultural pump sets.

### **UNIT – I**

**SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMERS – CONSTRUCTION & OPERATION:** Single phase transformers-types - constructional details-minimization of hysteresis and eddy current losses-EMF equation - operation on no load and on load - phasor diagrams

### **UNIT- II**

**SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMERS - PERFORMANCE:** Equivalent circuit - losses and efficiency- regulation. All day efficiency - effect of variations of frequency & supply voltage on iron losses.

### **UNIT- III**

**TESTING OF SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMER AND AUTO TRANSFORMER:** OC and SC tests - Sumpner's test - predetermination of efficiency and regulation-separation of losses test-parallel operation with equal and unequal voltage ratios - auto transformers-equivalent circuit-comparison with two winding transformers.

## UNIT-IV

**POLYPHASE TRANSFORMERS:** Polyphase transformers - Polyphase connections - Y/Y, Y/ $\Delta$ ,  $\Delta$ /Y,  $\Delta$ / $\Delta$  and open  $\Delta$ , Third harmonics in phase voltages-three winding transformers-tertiary windings-determination of  $Z_p$ ,  $Z_s$  and  $Z_t$  transients in switching - off load and on load tap changing; Scott connection.

## UNIT-V

**POLYPHASE INDUCTION MOTORS:** Polyphase induction motors-construction details of cage and wound rotor machines-production of a rotating magnetic field - principle of operation - rotor emf and rotor frequency - rotor reactance, rotor current and pf at standstill and during operation.

## UNIT-VI

**PERFORMANCE OF INDUCTION MACHINES:** Rotor power input, rotor copper loss and mechanical power developed and their inter relation-torque equation-deduction from torque equation - expressions for maximum torque and starting torque - torque slip characteristic - double cage and deep bar rotors - equivalent circuit - phasor diagram - crawling and cogging. Circle diagram-no load and blocked rotor tests-predetermination of performance-methods of starting and starting current and torque calculations

## UNIT-VII

**METHODS OF SPEED CONTROL:** Speed control-change of frequency; change of poles and methods of consequent poles; cascade connection. Injection of emf into rotor circuit (qualitative treatment only)-induction generator-principle of operation.

## UNIT-VIII

**BASIC PRINCIPLES OF DESIGN:** Heating and cooling time curves-short time rating, thermal rate Transformer: output equation, volt/turn of a 1-phase transformer, basic design of square, stepped core, windings, and overall dimensions with examples.

3- $\phi$  induction Motor: output equation, basic design of stator core, windings, squirrel cage rotor with examples.

**Text Books:**

1. M. G. Say, Performance and Design of AC Machines, BPB Publishers
- 2.. I. J. Nagrath & D. P. Kothari, Electric Machines, Tata McGraw Hill, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition. 2005.
- 3.. A. K. Sawhney, Electrical Machine Design, Dhanapat Rai &Co Publications

**Reference Books:**

1. A.E. Fitzgerald, C. Kingsley and S. Umans, Electric machinery, Mc Graw Hill Companies, 5<sup>th</sup> edition.
2. P.S. Bhimbra, Electrical machines, Khanna Publishers
3. Langsdorf, Theory of Alternating Current Machinery, Tata McGraw-Hill Companies, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.



## CONTROL SYSTEMS

**Course Code: AEE1109**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **Aim:**

To study the Time frequency Response Analysis and various methods to find out stability of Control Systems.

### **Objective:**

In this course it is aimed to introduce to the students the principles and applications of control systems in everyday life. The basic concepts of block diagram reduction, time domain analysis solutions to time invariant systems and also deals with the different aspects of stability analysis of systems in frequency domain and time domain.

### **UNIT – I**

**MATHEMATICAL MODELLING:** Concepts of Control Systems- Open Loop and closed loop control systems and their differences- Different examples of control systems- Classification of control systems, Feed-Back Characteristics, Effects of feedback.

Mathematical models – Differential equations, transfer functions - Block diagram representation of systems considering electrical systems as examples -Block diagram algebra – Representation by Signal flow graph – Reduction using Mason’s gain formula.

### **UNIT II**

**TRANSFER FUNCTION REPRESENTATION:** Translational and Rotational mechanical systems, Transfer Function of DC Servo motor - AC Servo motor- Synchro transmitter and Receiver, DC and AC position control systems

### **UNIT-III**

**TIME RESPONSE ANALYSIS AND STABILITY:** Standard test signals - Time response of first order systems – Characteristic Equation of Feedback control systems, Transient response of second order systems

- Time domain specifications – Steady state response - Steady state errors and error constants.

The concept of stability – Routh's stability criterion – qualitative stability and conditional stability – limitations of Routh's stability

#### **UNIT – IV**

**ROOT LOCUS ANALYSIS:** The root locus concept - construction of root loci-effects of adding poles and zeros to  $G(s)H(s)$  on the root loci.

#### **UNIT – V**

**FREQUENCY RESPONSE ANALYSIS-I:** Introduction, Frequency domain specifications-Bode diagrams-Determination of Frequency domain specifications and transfer function from the Bode Diagram-Phase margin and Gain margin-Stability Analysis from Bode Plots.

#### **UNIT – VI**

Frequency Response Analysis-II

Polar Plots- Nyquist Plots- Stability Analysis

#### **UNIT – VII**

**CLASSICAL CONTROL DESIGN TECHNIQUES:** Compensation techniques – Lag, Lead, Lead-Lag Controllers design in frequency Domain, – Effects of proportional derivative, proportional integral systems. PID Controllers.

#### **UNIT – VIII**

#### **STATE SPACE ANALYSIS OF CONTINUOUS SYSTEMS:**

Concepts of state, state variables and state model, derivation of state models from block diagrams, Diagonalization- Solving the Time invariant state Equations- State Transition Matrix and it's Properties – Concepts of Controllability and Observability.

#### **Text Books:**

1. I.J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, Control Systems Engineering, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
2. Norman. S. Nise, Control Systems Engineering, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition – John wiley & Sons.

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### Reference Books:

1. Katsuhiko Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 1998.
2. N. K. Sinha, "Control Systems", New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1998.
3. B. C. Kuo, "Automatic Control Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, 2003
4. Narciso F. Macia George J. Thaler, "Modelling & Control Of Dynamic Systems", Thomson Publishers.



## CONTROL SYSTEMS LAB

**Course Code: AEE1110**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

### **Aim:**

To evaluate time response of first & second order systems, servomotors, and effect of P, PD, PI, PID controllers on second order system Design of Compensation Network coding in MATLAB for Control Systems Problems.

### **Objective:**

The lab is intended for the students to get hands on experience in dealing with different controllers, PLC and MATLAB.

The following are the experiments required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

1. Time response of Second order system.
2. Characteristics of Synchros.
3. Temperature controller using PID.
4. Effect of feedback on DC servo motor.
5. Transfer function of DC motor.
6. Effect of P, PD, PI, PID Controller on a second order systems.
7. State space model for classical transfer function using MATLAB – Verification.
8. Simulation of Transfer functions using operational amplifier.

**In addition to the above eight experiments, atleast any two of the experiments from the list are required to be conducted:**

1. Lag and lead compensation – Magnitude and phase plot
2. Transfer function of DC generator
3. Programmable logic controller – Study and Verification of truth tables of logic gates, simple boolean expressions and application of speed control of motor
4. Characteristics of magnetic amplifiers.
5. Characteristics of AC servo motor.
6. Design problems for required specifications using Root locus and Bode Plot with MATLAB.

## ELECTRONIC DEVICES & CIRCUITS LAB

**Course Code: AEC1144**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

### **Aim & Objective:**

To design & implement various electronic circuits such as amplifiers oscillators.

### **Experiments:**

1. PN Junction diode characteristics.
2. Zener Diode characteristics & Voltage Regulator.
3. Rectifiers without filters (Half wave & Full wave).
4. Rectifiers with filters (Half wave & Full wave).
5. Transistor CB characteristics.
6. Transistor CE characteristics.
7. JFET characteristics.
8. MOSFET Characteristics
9. UJT characteristics.
10. CE Amplifier
11. CC Amplifier.
12. CS FET Amplifier.
13. RC Phase shift oscillator.
14. Colpitt's oscillator.

Note: Any TEN of the above experiments are to be conducted.





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***SYLLABI FOR V SEMESTER***

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# COMPUTER ORGANIZATION

(Common to ECE, CSE, IT)

**Course Code: ACT1104**

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

## **Aim:**

To give detailed information about the structure of computers and internal organization of different units regarding memory I/O devices registers.

## **Objective:**

Student will get an idea about the internal organization of the computer system and its internal operations.

## **UNIT-I**

**BASIC STRUCTURE OF COMPUTERS:** Computer Types, Functional unit, Basic operational concepts, Bus structures, Software, Performance, multiprocessors and multi computers, Multicore processors, Data Representation. Fixed Point Representation & Arithmetic, Error Detection codes.

## **UNIT-II**

**REGISTER TRANSFER LANGUAGE AND MICRO OPERATIONS:** Register Transfer language, Register Transfer Bus and memory transfers, Arithmetic Micro-operations, logic micro operations, shift micro operations, Arithmetic logic shift unit. Instruction codes. Computer Registers Computer instructions – Instruction cycle.

Memory – Reference Instructions. Input – Output and Interrupt. STACK organization. Instruction formats. Addressing modes. DATA Transfer and manipulation. Program control. Reduced Instruction set computer.

### UNIT-III

**MICRO PROGRAMMED CONTROL:** Control memory, Address sequencing, microprogram example, design of control unit Hard wired control. Microprogrammed control

### UNIT-IV

**COMPUTER ARITHMETIC:** Addition and subtraction, multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms, Floating – Point Representation, Floating – point Arithmetic operations, Decimal Arithmetic unit Decimal Arithmetic operations.

### UNIT-V

**THE MEMORY SYSTEM:** Basic concepts, semiconductor RAM memories, Read-only memories Cache memories performance considerations, Virtual memories secondary storage. Introduction to RAID, Hierarchical memory features.

### UNIT-VI

**INPUT-OUTPUT ORGANIZATION:** Peripheral Devices, Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous data transfer Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt Direct memory Access, Input –Output Processor (IOP) Serial communication; Introduction to peripheral component, Interconnect (PCI) bus. Introduction to standard serial communication protocols like RS232, USB, IEEE1394.

### UNIT-VII

**PIPELINE AND VECTOR PROCESSING:** Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline Vector Processing, Array Processors.

### UNIT-VIII

**MULTI PROCESSORS:** Characteristics or Multiprocessors, Interconnection Structures, Interprocessor Arbitration. InterProcessor Communication and Synchronization Cache Coherence. Shared Memory Multiprocessors.

**Text Books:**

1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, SafeaZaky : Computer Organization, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2009.
2. M.Moris Mano : Computer Systems Architecture, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.

**References:**

1. William Stallings : Computer Organization and Architecture, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education 2006.
2. Andrew S. Tanenbaum : Structured Computer Organization, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, PHI/Pearson Education, 2006.
3. Sivaraama Dandamudi : Fundamentals of Computer Organization and Design, - Springer Int. Edition, Springer, 2009.
4. John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson : Computer Architecture a quantitative approach, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition Elsevier, 2009.
5. Joseph D. Dumas II : Computer Architecture - Fundamentals and principles of Computer Design, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, BS Publication, 2010.
6. John P. Hayes : Computer Architecture and Organization, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw hill, 2009.



## LINEAR AND DIGITAL IC APPLICATIONS

**Course code: AEC1147**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **AIM:**

To introduce the importance of Integrated circuits over those made by the interconnecting discrete components.

### **OBJECTIVES:**

- Applications of Linear IC's
- Applications of Digital IC's

### **UNIT – I:**

#### **INTEGRATED CIRCUITS:**

Classification, chip size and circuit complexity, basic information of Op-amp, ideal and practical Op-amp, internal circuits, Op-amp characteristics, DC and AC characteristics, 741 op-amp and its features, modes of operation-inverting, non-inverting, differential.

### **UNIT – II:**

#### **OP-AMP APPLICATIONS:**

Basic application of Op-amp, instrumentation amplifier, ac amplifier, V to I and I to V converters, sample & hold circuits, multipliers and dividers, Differentiators and Integrators, Comparators, Schmitt trigger, Multivibrators, introduction to voltage regulators, features of 723.

### **UNIT - III:**

#### **ACTIVE FILTERS & OSCILLATORS:**

Introduction, 1st order LPF, HPF filters, Band pass, Band reject and all pass filters, Oscillator types and principle of operation – RC, Wien and quadrature type, waveform generators – triangular, sawtooth, square wave and VCO.

**UNIT – IV:****TIMERS & PHASE LOCKED LOOPS:**

Introduction to 555 timer, functional diagram, monostable and astable operations and applications, Schmitt Trigger, PLL - introduction, block schematic, principles and description of individual blocks of 565.

**UNIT - V:****IC VOLTAGE REGULATORS:**

Voltage Regulator Types, Fixed and Variable voltage regulators, IC723 voltage regulator, Three Terminal Voltage Regulators – IC 7805, Switching Regulator IC 1723.

**UNIT – VI:****D-A AND A-D CONVERTERS:**

Introduction, basic DAC techniques, weighted resistor DAC, R-2R ladder DAC, inverted R-2R DAC, and IC 1408 DAC, Different types of ADCs - parallel comparator type ADC, counter type ADC, successive approximation ADC and dual slope ADC, DAC and ADC specifications.

**UNIT - VII:****INTRODUCTION TO LOGIC FAMILIES:**

Classification of Integrated circuits, comparison of various logic families, standard TTL NAND Gate- Analysis & characteristics, TTL open collector O/Ps, Tristate TTL, MOS & CMOS open drain and tristate outputs, CMOS transmission gate, IC interfacing- TTL driving CMOS & CMOS driving TTL.

**UNIT – VIII:****COMBINATIONAL LOGIC DESIGN:**

Design using TTL-74XX & CMOS 40XX series: code converters, decoders, Demultiplexers, Encoder, priority Encoder, multiplexers & their applications.

**SEQUENTIAL LOGIC DESIGN:**

DESIGN USING TTL-74XX & CMOS 40XX SERIES: Flip-flops & their conversions, Design of synchronous counters, Decade counter, shift registers & applications.

**Text Books:**

1. Ramakanth A. Gayakwad, “Op-Amps & Linear ICs”, PHI, 4<sup>th</sup> Edn, 2008.
2. D. Roy Chowdhury , “Linear Integrated Circuits”, New Age International (p) Ltd, 2nd Ed., 2003.
3. Floyd and Jain, “Digital Fundamentals”, Pearson Education, 8th Edition, 2005.
4. John F. Wakerley, “Digital Design Principial”, Pearson education, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2005.

**References:**

1. R.F. Coughlin and Fredrick F. Driscoll, “Operational Amplifiers and Linear Integrated Circuits”, PHI, 6<sup>th</sup> Edn 2009.
2. S.Salivahan and Kanchana Bhaaskaran, V. S., “Linear Integrated Circuits” TMH, 1<sup>st</sup> ed., 2007.
3. Sergio Franco, “Design with Operational Amplifiers and Analog Integrated Circuits”, McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., 2002.



## POWER TRANSMISSION ENGINEERING

**Course Code: AEE1111**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **AIM:**

To acquire basic knowledge in Power Transmission Engineering

### **OBJECTIVE:**

This course deals with basic theory of transmission lines modeling and their performance analysis. Also this course gives emphasis on mechanical design of transmission lines, cables and insulators.

### **UNIT - I:**

#### **TRANSMISSION LINE PARAMETERS :**

Types of conductors - calculation of resistance for solid conductors - Calculation of inductance for single phase and three phase, single and double circuit lines, concept of GMR & GMD, symmetrical and asymmetrical conductor configuration with and without transposition, Numerical Problems. Calculation of capacitance for 2 wire and 3 wire systems, effect of ground on capacitance, capacitance calculations for symmetrical and asymmetrical single and three phase, single and double circuit lines, Numerical Problems.

### **UNIT - II:**

#### **PERFORMANCE OF SHORT AND MEDIUM LENGTH TRANSMISSION LINES:**

Classification of Transmission Lines - Short, medium and long line and their model representations - Nominal-T, Nominal-Pie and A, B, C, D Constants for symmetrical & Asymmetrical Networks, Numerical Problems. Mathematical Solutions to estimate regulation and efficiency of all types of lines - Numerical Problems.

**UNIT - III:****PERFORMANCE OF LONG TRANSMISSION LINES :**

Long Transmission Line-Rigorous Solution, evaluation of A,B,C,D Constants, Interpretation of the Long Line Equations, Incident, Reflected and Refracted Waves -Surge Impedance and SIL of Long Lines, Wave Length and Velocity of Propagation of Waves - Representation of Long Lines - Equivalent-T and Equivalent Pie network models (numerical problems).

**UNIT – IV:****POWER SYSTEM TRANSIENTS:**

Types of System Transients - Travelling or Propagation of Surges - Attenuation, Distortion, Reflection and Refraction Coefficients - Termination of lines with different types of conditions - Open Circuited Line, Short Circuited Line, T-Junction, Lumped Reactive Junctions (Numerical Problems). Bewley's Lattice Diagrams (for all the cases mentioned with numerical examples).

**UNIT – V:****VARIOUS FACTORS GOVERNING THE PERFORMANCE OF TRANSMISSION LINE:**

Skin and Proximity effects - Description and effect on Resistance of Solid Conductors - Ferranti effect - Charging Current & Effect on Regulation of the Transmission Line, Shunt Compensation. Corona - Description of the phenomenon, factors affecting corona, critical voltages and power loss.

**UNIT – VI:****OVERHEAD LINE INSULATORS:**

Types of Insulators, String efficiency and Methods for improvement, Numerical Problems - voltage distribution, calculation of string efficiency, Capacitance grading and Static Shielding.

## **UNIT – VII:**

### **SAG AND TENSION CALCULATIONS:**

Sag and Tension Calculations with equal and unequal heights of towers, Effect of Wind and Ice on weight of Conductor, Numerical Problems - Stringing chart and sag template and its applications.

## **UNIT – VIII:**

### **UNDERGROUND CABLES:**

Types of Cables, Construction, Types of Insulating materials, Calculations of Insulation resistance and stress in insulation, Numerical Problems. Capacitance of Single and 3-Core belted cables, Numerical Problems. Grading of Cables - Capacitance grading, Numerical Problems, Description of Inter-sheath grading.

### **Text Books:**

1. John J Grainger William D Stevenson, Power System Analysis, TMH, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2003.
2. Hadi Saadat, Power System Analysis, TMH Edition, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1999.

### **References:**

1. I.J. Nagarath and D.P Kothari, Power System Engineering, Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2007.
2. C.L. Wadhwa, Electrical Power Systems, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2009.
3. B.R. Gupta, Power System Analysis and Design, S. Chand, Reprint, 2010.
4. S.A. Nasar, Theory and Problems of Electric Power Systems, Schaum's Outline series, Mc Graw-Hill Company, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition 2010.



## POWER ELECTRONICS

**Course Code: AEE1112**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **AIM:**

To familiarize the student with different power semiconductor devices, converter circuits that find wide application in industry.

### **OBJECTIVE:**

With the advent of semiconductor devices, revolution is taking place in the power transmission, distribution and utilization. This course introduces the basic concepts of power semiconductor devices, converters and their analysis.

### **UNIT – I :**

#### **POWER SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES:**

Thyristors – Silicon Controlled Rectifiers (SCR's) – BJT – Power MOSFET – Power IGBT and their characteristics– Basic principle of operation of SCR – Static characteristics – Two transistor analogy of SCR - Turn on and turn off methods- Dynamic characteristics of SCR – Turn on and Turn off times -Salient points .

### **UNIT – II:**

#### **TRIGGERING AND COMMUTATION CIRCUITS:**

Series and parallel connections of SCR's – Thyristor Protection-di/dt protection-dv/dt protection-over voltage protection-over current protection-gate protection-(Principle of operation only)– Specifications and Ratings of SCR - Gate triggering circuits, Line Commutation and Forced Commutation circuits- Numerical problems.

### **UNIT – III:**

#### **SINGLE PHASE FULLY CONTROLLED CONVERTERS:**

Fully controlled converters, Mid point and Bridge connections with Resistive, RL loads and RLE load– Derivation of average load voltage

and current for continuous load current only– Effect of freewheeling diode- Line commutated inverters -Active and Reactive power inputs to the converters without and with Freewheeling Diode, Effect of source inductance – Derivation of load voltage and current – Numerical problems.

#### **UNIT – IV:**

##### **SINGLE PHASE HALF CONTROLLED CONVERTERS:**

Half controlled bridge converter with R, RL and RLE load- Derivation of average load voltage and current for continuous load current operation only-Active and Reactive power inputs to the converters–Numerical problems

#### **UNIT – V:**

##### **THREE PHASE LINE COMMUTATED CONVERTERS :**

Three phase converters – Three pulse and six pulse converters – Mid point and bridge connections- derivation of average load voltage With R and RL loads-Three phase half controlled bridge converter-derivation of average load voltage – Effect of Source inductance–Dual converters (both single phase and three phase) - Numerical Problems.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

##### **AC VOLTAGE CONTROLLERS & CYCLO CONVERTERS:**

AC voltage controllers – Single phase two SCR's in anti parallel – With R and RL loads, Derivation of RMS load voltage, current and power factor -wave forms –numerical problems - Cyclo converters – Single phase mid point cyclo converters with Resistive and inductive load (Principle of operation only) – Bridge configuration of single phase cyclo converter (Principle of operation only) – Waveforms

#### **UNIT – VII:**

##### **CHOPPERS :**

Choppers – Time ratio control and Current limit control strategies – Step down choppers- Derivation of load voltage and currents with R, RL and RLE loads- Step up Chopper – load voltage Expression ,Morgan's chopper, Jones chopper (Principle of operation only) Waveforms — AC Chopper – Problems.

**UNIT – VIII:****INVERTERS:**

Inverters – Single phase inverter – Basic series inverter – Basic parallel Capacitor inverter, Bridge inverter – Waveforms - Voltage control techniques for inverters -Pulse width modulation techniques.

**Text Books:**

1. M. D. Singh & K. B. Kanchandhani, Power Electronics, Tata Mc Graw – Hill Publishing company, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1998.
2. P. S. Bimbra, Power Electronics, Khanna Publishers, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2000.

**References:**

1. M. H. Rashid, Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications, Prentice Hall of India 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1998.
2. P.C.Sen, Power Electronics, Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2001.
3. Vedam Subramanyam, Power Electronics, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 2003.
4. B. K. Bose, “Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives”, Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2003.



## PERFORMANCE AND DESIGN OF AC MACHINES – II

**Course Code: AEE1113**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **AIM:**

To familiarize the student with the principles of AC Machines that find wide application in industry. The course covers construction, performance and design aspects of A.C. Machines.

### **OBJECTIVE:**

In this course the different types of AC generators and motors which are widely used in industry are covered and their performance and design aspects will be studied.

### **UNIT – I:**

#### **CONSTRUCTION AND PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION:**

Constructional Features of round rotor and salient pole machines – Armature windings - advantages of stationery armature – Integral slot and fractional slot windings; Distributed and concentrated windings – distribution, pitch and winding factors – E.M.F Equation.

### **UNIT – II:**

#### **SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR CHARACTERISTICS:**

Harmonics in generated e.m.f. – suppression of harmonics – armature reaction - leakage reactance – synchronous reactance and impedance – experimental determination - phasor diagram – load characteristics.

### **UNIT – III:**

#### **REGULATION OF SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR:**

Regulation by synchronous impedance method, M.M.F. method, Z.P.F. method– salient pole alternators – two reaction analysis – experimental determination of  $X_d$  and  $X_q$  (Slip test) Phasor diagrams – Regulation of salient pole alternators.

**UNIT – IV:****PARALLEL OPERATION OF SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR:**

Synchronizing alternators with infinite bus bars – synchronizing power  
Synchronous torque – parallel operation and load sharing - Effect of change of excitation and mechanical power input.

**UNIT – V:****SYNCHRONOUS MOTORS:**

Theory of operation – phasor diagram – Variation of current and power factor with excitation – synchronous condenser – Mathematical analysis for power developed.

**UNIT – VI:****POWER CIRCLES:**

Excitation and power circles – hunting and its suppression – Methods of starting – synchronous induction motor.

**UNIT – VII:****SINGLE PHASE MOTORS & SPECIAL MOTORS:**

Single phase induction motor – Constructional features-Double revolving field theory – Elementary idea of cross-field theory – split phase motors – shaded pole motor.

Principle & performance of A.C. Series motor-Universal motor, Principle of permanent magnet and reluctance motors

**UNIT – VIII:****PRINCIPLE AND DESIGN OF SYNCHRONOUS MACHINE:**

Specific electric loading, flux density in air gap. Output coefficient. Design of main dimensions. Design of field poles and winding. Illustrative examples.

**Text Books:**

1. M.G. Say, Performance and Design of A.C. Machines, ELBS and Pitman & Sons, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2008.
2. A.K. Sawhney, Electrical Machine Design, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2004.

3. P.S. Bimbra, Electrical Machines, Khanna Publishers, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.

### References:

1. I. J. Nagrath & D.P.Kothari, Electric Machines, Tata Mc Graw-Hill Publishers, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
2. A.E. Fitzgerald, C. Kingsley and S. Umans, Electric Machinery, Mc Graw-Hill Companies, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 1990.
3. Mukerjee and Chakravathy, Electrical Machines, Khanna Publishers, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition 1993.
4. Langsdorf, Theory of Alternating Current Machinery, Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2006.



## ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION

**Course Code: AEE1114**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **AIM:**

To familiarize the students in the field of measuring instruments, its errors associated and its controlling procedures.

### **OBJECTIVE:**

Electrical measurements and Instrumentation course introduces the basic principles of all the measuring instruments and also it's monitoring analysis of any Physical system and its control.

### **UNIT-I:**

#### **SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS:**

Measuring Systems, Performance Characteristics, Static characteristics, Dynamic Characteristics. Errors in Measurement – Gross Errors, Systematic Errors, Statistical Analysis of Random Errors.

### **UNIT-II:**

#### **MEASURING INSTRUMENTS:**

Classification – Deflecting, Control and Damping Torques – Ammeters and Voltmeters – PMMC & MI Type Instruments – Expression for the Deflecting Torque and Control torque – Errors and Compensations, Extension of Range using Shunts and Series Resistance. Electrostatic Voltmeters, Electrometer and Attracted disc Types.

### **UNIT-III:**

#### **MEASUREMENT OF POWER & ENERGY:**

Single Phase and Three Phase Dynamometer wattmeter (LPF and UPF), Expression for Deflecting and Control Torques – Measurement of Active and Reactive Powers in Balanced and Unbalanced systems.

Single Phase Induction Type Energy Meter – Driving and Braking torques  
– Three Phase Energy Meter – Maximum Demand Meter.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

#### **MEASUREMENT OF RESISTANCE, INDUCTANCE AND CAPACITANCE:**

Principle and operation of D.C. Crompton's potentiometer – Standardization – Measurement of unknown Resistance, Current, Voltage – Sensitivity of Wheatstone's bridge, Kelvin's Double Bridge for measuring Low Resistance, Measurement of High Resistance – Loss of Charge method and Megger.

Measurement of Inductance, Quality Factor - Maxwell's, Hay's & Anderson's Bridges, Measurement of Capacitance and loss angle – De Sauty's, Wien's & Schering Bridges.

#### **UNIT-V:**

#### **INSTRUMENT TRANSFORMERS:**

Current Transformer and Potential Transformer – Ratio and Phase angle errors – Design considerations.

Type of P.F. Meters – Dynamometer and Moving Iron Type – Single and Three Phase meters, Frequency meters – Resonance Type and Weston type – Synchrosopes.

#### **UNIT-VI:**

#### **MAGNETIC MEASUREMENTS:**

Ballistic galvanometer, Calibration of Hibbert's Magnetic Standard Flux meter, Lloyd Fischer Square for measuring Iron loss. Testing of ring and bar specimens, determination for BH curve and Hysteresis loss using CRO, Determination of leakage factor.

#### **UNIT-VII:**

#### **TRANSDUCERS:**

Definition of transducers, Classification of transducers, Advantages of Electrical transducers, Characteristics and choice of transducers; Principle operation of Resistor, Inductor, LVDT and Capacitor Transducers; LVDT

Applications, Thermistors, Thermocouples, Piezoelectric Transducers, Photovoltaic, Photo conductive cells, measurements of non electrical quantities- Strain gauge and its principle of operation, gauge factor, torque and angular velocity.

### **UNIT-VIII:**

#### **MEASUREMENT OF LIGHT AND TEMPERATURE:**

Illumination-Definitions, Laws of Illumination, standards of Illumination intensity-substandards of illumination intensity, measurement of luminous intensity. General methods of measuring temperature-electrical Resistance pyrometers-laws of resistance variation with temperature-indicators and recorders-Thermo electric pyrometers-thermo electric emf's, radiation pyrometers.

#### **Text Books:**

1. E.W. Golding and F. C. Widdis, "Electrical Measurements and Measuring Instruments", 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wheeler Publishers.
2. D.V.S. Murthy, "Transducers and Instrumentation", PHI Learning, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1995.

#### **References:**

1. A. K. Sawhney, "A course in Electrical and Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation", Dhanpatrai & Co., 18<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2008.
2. A.S Morris, "Principles of Measurement and Instrumentation" Pearson /Prentice Hall of India, 2nd Edition.
3. H.S. Kalsi, "Electronic Instrumentation" Tata McGraw-Hill 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2010.
4. A.D.Helfrick and W.D. Cooper, "Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques" Pearson/Prentice Hall of India, 14<sup>th</sup> Reprint, 2003.



## ADVANCED COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

**CODE: AHE1103**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

### Introduction

The introduction of English Language Lab is considered essential at III/ IV B.Tech year level. At this stage the students need to prepare themselves for their careers which may require them to listen to, read, speak and write in English both for their professional and interpersonal communication in the globalised context. This is an integrated theory and lab course to enable students use 'good' English and perform the following:

- Gathering ideas and information: organizing ideas relevantly and coherently.
- Engaging in debates.
- Participating in group discussions.
- Facing interviews.
- Writing project/research/technical reports
- Making oral presentations.
- Writing formal letters and essays.
- Transferring information from non-verbal to verbal texts and vice versa.
- Taking part in social and professional communication.

### Objectives:

The Lab focuses on using computer-aided multimedia instruction for language development to meet the following targets:

- To improve the students' accuracy and fluency in English through a well-developed vocabulary, and enable them listen to English spoken at normal conversational speed by educated English speakers and respond appropriately in different socio-cultural and professional contexts.

- To enable them communicate their ideas relevantly and coherently in writing.

TEXT BOOK: LANGUAGE IN USE (Upper-Intermediate)  
*by Adrian Doff and Christopher Jones, Cambridge University Publications.*

### UNIT – I:

- Reading and Listening comprehension – reading for facts, guessing meanings from context, scanning, skimming, inference, critical reading
- (Lesson 2: Communicating)

### UNIT – II:

- Vocabulary building, Creativity & Innovation, Using Advertisements and Music, Case studies
- Decision-Making, Time Management, Positive Thinking
- (Lesson 4: Sports and Games, Lesson 8: In The Market-Place)

### UNIT – III:

- Cross-Cultural Communication- Problems of Language, Lack of Language equivalency/difficulties in using English.
- Non-Verbal Communication across different Cultures.
- (Lesson 13: Right and Wrong)

### UNIT – IV:

- Literary reviews- reviewing the choicest genres like science fiction, autobiographies, travelogues, modern poetry etc.

### UNIT – V:

- Group Discussion – dynamics of group discussion , Lateral thinking, Brainstorming and Negotiation skills  
( Lesson 10: Life, the universe and everything & Lesson 16: World Affairs)

### UNIT – VI:

- Resume writing – structure and presentation, planning, defining the career objective

- Interview Skills – concept and process, pre-interview planning, opening strategies, answering-strategies, interview through tele and video-conferencing

### UNIT – VII:

- Writing essays for competitive examinations
- Media writing-writing headlines, analyzing newspaper articles
- Analytical writing

### UNIT – VIII:

- Technical Report writing – Types of formats and styles, subject matter – organization, clarity, coherence and style, planning, data-collection, tools, analysis.- Progress and Project Reports.

### Recommended Books:

#### Communications Skills

1. M. Ashraf Rizvi, “Effective Technical Communication”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2005.
2. Bhanu Ranjan, “An Approach to Communication Skills”, DhanpatRai &Co, 2010.
3. Raymond V. Lesikar, Marie E. Flatley, “Basic Business Communication: Skills for Empowering The Internet Generation”, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill. 2006.
4. Stephen Bailey, “Academic Writing- A Practical guide for students”, Routledge Falmer, London & New York, 2004.
5. Dr A. Ramakrishna Rao, Dr G.Natanam & Prof S.A. Sankaranarayanan, “English Language Communication : A Reader cum Lab Manual”, Anuradha Publications, Chennai, 2006.
6. Dr. Shalini Verma, “Body Language- Your Success Mantra”, S. Chand, 2006.
7. Barron’s, “DELTA’s key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skill Practice”, New Age International (P) Ltd., Publishers, New Delh, Books on TOEFL/GRE/GMAT/CAT, 2011.
8. “IELTS series with CDs”, CUP, 2010.

9. Daniel G. Riordan & Steven E. Pauley, “Technical Report Writing Today”, Biztantra Publishers, 2005.
10. Andrea J. Rutherford, “Basic Communication Skills for Technology”, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
11. Sunita Mishra & C. Muralikrishna, “Communication Skills for Engineers”, Pearson Education, 2007.
12. Jolene Gear & Robert Gear, “Cambridge Preparation for the TOEFL” Test, 2010.
13. Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, “Technical Communication”, OUP, 2010.
14. Nick Ceremilla & Elizabeth Lee, “Cambridge English for the Media”, CUP, 2010

### *General Reading*

1. A Reader’s Digest Selection, “Classic Short Stories” (India Today group), 2004.
2. Saros Cowasjee, “More Stories from the Raj and After”, HarperCollins Publishers India, 1986.
3. Girish Karnad, “Hayavadana”, OUP 1976.
4. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam “Wings of Fire”, Universities Press, 1999.
5. Bernard Shaw, “Apple Cart/Arms and the Man”, Orient Longman, 2010.
6. Khalil Gibran, “The Prophet” - Rajapal & Sons, 2008.



## IC/PDC LAB

**Course Code: AEC1112**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

### **Aim and Objectives:**

To study the various applications of analog (linear and Non linear) and Digital IC's.

Any **TEN** of the following experiments are to be performed during the semester.

### **LIST OF EXPERIMENTS**

1. Linear wave shaping
2. Non Linear wave shaping-clippers
3. Non Linear wave shaping-clampers
4. Study of Logic gates& Some Applications
5. Astable Multivibrator using transistors
6. Monostable Multivibrator using transistors
7. Bistable Multivibrator or Schmitt Trigger using transistors
8. IC 741 OP AMP Applications- Adder, Integrator and Differentiator.
9. Active Filters- LPF, HPF (first order)
10. Function Generator using 741 OP AMP
11. IC 555 Timer- Monostable Operation Circuits, Astable Operation Circuits.
12. Schmitt Trigger Circuits-Using IC 741 or IC 555
13. Voltage Regulator using IC 723
14. 4 bit using 741 OP AMP.





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***SYLLABI FOR VI SEMESTER***

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## DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

**Course Code: AEE1115**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **AIM:**

To review signals and systems, study Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), Applications of Z-transforms, discuss the design of Infinite Impulse Response (IIR) & Finite Impulse Response (FIR) filters and study typical applications of digital signal processing.

### **OBJECTIVES:**

- To have an overview of signals and systems.
- To study
- DFS, DFT & FFT.
- The applications of Z-transforms.
- The design of IIR filters.
- The design of FIR filters.
- The Multi rate DSP & the applications of DSP.

### **UNIT- I:**

**INTRODUCTION:** Introduction to Digital Signal Processing, Review of discrete-time signals and systems, analysis of discrete-time linear time invariant systems, Frequency domain representation of discrete time signals and systems.

### **UNIT – II:**

**DISCRETE FOURIER SERIES:** DFS representation of periodic sequences, Properties of Discrete Fourier Series, Discrete Fourier Transforms: Properties of DFT, linear convolution of sequences using DFT, Computation of DFT, Relation between Z-transform and DFS.

**UNIT- III:**

**FAST FOURIER TRANSFORMS:** Fast Fourier transforms (FFT) - Radix-2 decimation in time and decimation in frequency FFT Algorithms, Inverse FFT.

**UNIT – IV:**

**REALIZATION OF DIGITAL FILTERS:** Review of Z-transforms, Applications of Z – transforms, solution of difference equations of digital filters, Block diagram representation of linear constant-coefficient difference equations, Basic structures of IIR systems, Transposed forms, Basic structures of FIR systems, System function.

**UNIT – V:**

**IIR DIGITAL FILTERS:** Analog filter approximations – Butter worth and Chebyshev, Design of IIR Digital filters from analog filters, Design Examples: Analog-Digital transformations.

**UNIT – VI:**

**FIR DIGITAL FILTERS:** Characteristics of FIR Digital Filters, frequency response, Design of FIR Digital Filters using Window Techniques, Frequency Sampling technique, Comparison of IIR & FIR filters.

**UNIT – VII:**

**MULTIRATE DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING:** Decimation, interpolation, sampling rate conversion, Implementation of sampling rate conversion.

**UNIT – VIII:**

**APPLICATIONS OF DSP:** Voice Synthesizers, Vocoders, Image processing (Qualitative treatment only).

**Text Books:**

1. John G. Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis, “Digital Signal Processing, Principles, Algorithms and Applications”, Pearson Education / PHI, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2007.
2. Andreas Antoniou, ”Digital Signal Processing”, Tata McGraw Hill ,1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2006

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### Reference Books:

1. A.V. Oppenheim and R.W. Schaffer , “Discrete Time Signal Processing”, PHI, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2007.
2. M.H. Hayes, “Digital Signal Processing: Schaum’s Outlines”, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009.
3. C. Britton Rorabaugh, “DSP Primer”, Tata McGraw Hill, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2005.
4. Robert J. Schilling, Sandra L. Harris, “Fundamentals of Digital Signal Processing using Matlab”, Thomson, 2007
5. Ramesh Babu, Digital Signal Processing, SCITECH Publications, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2009.



## MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS

**Course Code: AEE1116**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **AIM:**

To give an exposure on different microprocessors and their programming.

### **OBJECTIVE:**

The student shall be able to learn features of different microprocessors, assembly language programming and interfacing. This syllabus focuses on processors with Harvard architecture with an efficient instruction set. Students should be able to work for Industrial applications by understanding these concepts.

### **UNIT-I:**

**INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED PROCESSORS:** Evolution of Microprocessors & Microcontrollers, Van Neuman and Harvard Architectures and their features. Types of Processors by different Vendors, Types of memory built in with processor numbers and features available in them – Low Pin count, versatility and Peripherals.

Introduction to Classic 8051 family Architecture, Address and data bus with multiplexed I/O pins, Memory Organization, Registers , Instruction set , Addressing Modes - Simple Programs.

Applications using Timers, Counters and I/O programming for external logic sensing and control. Interrupts and its programming, Serial Communication – Simple Programs.

### **UNIT-II:**

**PERIPHERAL SYSTEMS IN 8051 FAMILY:** Applications of Microcontrollers – Interfacing **8051** to LEDs, Push buttons and Relays , Interfacing Keyboards ,Seven Segment LED Display , LCD Display, ADC and DAC Interfacing. DC Motor Interfacing, Stepper Motor Interfacing, Servo Motor Interfacing.

Peripheral Systems and Features of C8051F020 Mixed Signal MCU Family. Timers/Counters, Capture Control & PWM, Comparators, ADC /DAC Channels, I/O Programming

### **UNIT-III:**

**PIC FAMILY OF PROCESSORS:** Introduction to Harvard architecture. Advantages of separate address and data busses, Built in Flash with two wire programming reducing CPU size. Provision of peripherals and flash ROM, EEPROM, and a large special function register work space for application oriented embedded systems.

Introduction to PIC family Architecture and instruction set. Introduction to the RISC instruction set and its usage with example programs using integrated development environment MPLAB simulation.

### **UNIT IV:**

**PERIPHERAL SYSTEMS IN PIC 16F877A PROCESSOR:** Digital Input and Output Programming, Timers and Counters, Capture Control and PWM, Analog to Digital Converters and their Programming, Simple data acquisition systems and programming.

### **UNIT- V:**

**APPLICATION DESIGN USING PIC MICROCONTROLLER FAMILY:** Introduction to Real Time Control – Need for RTOS with Examples. Logical I/O, Motor control- BLDC Motors, AC Induction Motor control, Power and Energy Measurement and Control.

### **UNIT-VI:**

**SERIAL COMMUNICATION BUSES:** USART with addressable feature, SPI Bus, I<sup>2</sup>C Two wire bus, Introduction to USB bus.

### **UNIT-VII:**

**AVR MICROCONTROLLERS:** AVR Microcontrollers - Introduction to Atmega processor family architecture using typical Atmega 8535 processor. Features in the peripherals provided, Introduction to its large instruction set, Using IDE Atmel Studio for programming and simulation.

Peripheral systems in Atmega 8535- Digital Input and Output Programming, Timers and Counters, wave form generation, Capture Control and PWM,

Analog to Digital Converters and their Programming, Simple data acquisition programming.

### UNIT-VIII:

**ADVANCED MICROCONTROLLERS:** ARM (Advanced Research Microprocessor) – Arm Core Architecture, Bus Architecture, Addressing modes, Peripherals supported, Advantages of 32 bit CPU.

Renesas Microcontrollers- Brief Overview of the Renesas Family of Microcontrollers and their special features.

### Text Books:

1. Bendapudy Kanta Rao : Embedded Systems, Prentice Hall India, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2011.
2. Subrata Goshal, “8051 Microcontroller-Internals, Instructions, Programming and Interfacing”, Pearson Education, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2011.

### Reference Books:

1. Kenneth J Ayala: The 8051 Micro Controller, 3rd Edition, Thomson Publishers, 2010.
2. Raj Kamal, “Microcontrollers: Architecture, Programming, Interfacing and System Design”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2011.
3. Ali Mazidi Mohammed Gillispie, Mazide Janice: The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2011.
4. Ajay V Deshmukh: Microcontrollers – Theory & Applications, TMH, 2010

**WEB RESOURCES:** For additional information only:

1. [www.keil.com](http://www.keil.com)
2. [www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)
3. [www.atmel.com](http://www.atmel.com)
4. [www.silabs.com](http://www.silabs.com)



## POWER ELECTRONIC DRIVES

Course Code: AEE1117

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

### AIM:

To familiarize the student with AC and DC drives that find wide application in industry.

### OBJECTIVE:

This course is an extension of Power Electronics applications to AC and DC drives. Control of DC motor drives with single phase and three phase converters and choppers are given in detail. The control of AC motor drives with variable frequency converters and variable voltage are presented.

### UNIT – I:

**AN INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL DRIVES:** Electrical Drives, Advantages of Electrical drives, Parts of Electrical Drives, Choice of electrical Drives, Status of ac and dc drives, Fundamental torque equation, multi-quadrant operation, Components of load torques, Nature and classification of load torques.

### UNIT – II:

**CONTROL OF DC MOTORS BY SINGLE PHASE CONVERTERS:** Braking of DC motor-Dynamic braking, plugging and regenerative braking-Introduction to Thyristor controlled Drives, Single Phase semi and Fully controlled converters connected to d.c separately excited and d.c series motors – continuous current operation only – output voltage and current waveforms – Speed and Torque expressions, Speed – Torque Characteristics- Problems on Converter fed d.c motors.

### UNIT – III:

**CONTROL OF DC MOTORS BY THREE PHASE CONVERTERS :** Three phase semi and fully controlled converters

connected to d.c separately excited and d.c series motors – output voltage and current waveforms – Speed and Torque expressions , Speed – Torque characteristics – Problems, Four quadrant operation of D.C motors by dual converters – Closed loop operation of DC motor (Block Diagram Only).

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**CONTROL OF DC MOTORS BY CHOPPERS :** Single quadrant, Two –quadrant and four quadrant chopper fed dc separately excited and series excited motors – Continuous current operation – Output voltage and current wave forms – Speed torque expressions – speed torque characteristics – Problems on Chopper fed d.c Motors – Closed Loop operation ( Block Diagram Only).

#### **UNIT – V:**

**INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVES AND SPEED CONTROL THROUGH STATOR VOLTAGE:** Three phase Induction motor-analysis and performance, Braking-Regenerative braking, Plugging, Dynamic braking, Speed Control of Induction Motor through Stator voltage-Control by AC voltage controllers and soft start- speed torque characteristics- problems.

#### **UNIT – VI:**

**CONTROL OF INDUCTION MOTOR THROUGH STATOR FREQUENCY:** Variable frequency characteristics-Variable frequency control of induction motor by Voltage source and current source inverter and cyclo converters- PWM control – Comparison of VSI and CSI operations – Speed torque characteristics – numerical problems on induction motor drives – Closed loop operation of induction motor drives (Block Diagram Only).

#### **UNIT –VII:**

**CONTROL OF INDUCTION MOTOR FROM ROTOR SIDE:** Static rotor resistance control – Slip power recovery – Static Scherbius drive – Static Kramer Drive – their performance and speed torque characteristics – advantages- applications – problems.

## UNIT – VIII:

**CONTROL OF SYNCHRONOUS MOTORS:** Separate control & self control of synchronous motors – Operation of self controlled synchronous motors by VSI, CSI and cyclo converters. Load commutated CSI fed Synchronous Motor – Operation – Waveforms – speed torque characteristics – Applications – Advantages and Numerical Problems – Closed Loop control operation of synchronous motor drives (Block Diagram Only), variable frequency control, Cyclo converter, PWM, VFI, CSI.

### Text Books :

1. G K Dubey, Fundamentals of Electric Drives, Narosa Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2008.
2. MD Singh and K B Khanchandani, Power Electronics, Tata – McGraw-Hill Publishing company, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1998.

### References:

1. Vedam Subramanyam, Electric Drives, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publications, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 1999.
2. B K Bose, Modern Power Electronics & AC Drives, PHI learning, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2010.
3. N.K De and P.K. Sen, Electric Drives, PH International Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2001.
4. Vedam Subramanyam, Thyristor Controlled Electric Drives, McGraw Hill Publications, 11<sup>th</sup> Reprint.



## OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

Course Code : AEE1139

L	T	P	C
4	1	0	4

### AIM:

To acquire basic knowledge in Optimization Techniques.

### OBJECTIVE:

The student shall be able to use various techniques of optimization for solving several engineering problems.

### UNIT – I:

#### INTRODUCTION AND CLASSICAL OPTIMIZATION

**TECHNIQUES:** Statement of an Optimization problem – design vector – design constraints – constraint surface – objective function – objective function surfaces – classification of Optimization problems.

### UNIT – II:

#### CLASSICAL OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES:

Single variable Optimization – multi variable Optimization without constraints – necessary and sufficient conditions for minimum/maximum – multivariable Optimization with equality constraints: Solution by method of Lagrange multipliers – multivariable Optimization with inequality constraints: Kuhn – Tucker conditions.

### UNIT – III:

#### LINEAR PROGRAMMING:

Standard form of a linear programming problem – geometry of linear programming problems – motivation to the simplex method – simplex algorithm, dual LP.

### UNIT – IV:

#### TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM:

Finding initial basic feasible solution by north – west corner rule, least cost method and Vogel’s approximation method – testing for optimality of balanced transportation problems.

**UNIT – V:**

**UNCONSTRAINED NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING:** One – dimensional minimization methods: Classification, Fibonacci method and Quadratic interpolation method

**UNIT – VI:**

**UNCONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES:** Univariate method, Powell’s method, steepest descent method, Davidon-Fletcher-Powell method.

**UNIT – VII:**

**CONSTRAINED NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING:** Characteristics of a constrained problem, Classification, Basic approach of Penalty Function method; Basic approaches of Interior and Exterior penalty function methods. Introduction to convex Programming problem.

**UNIT – VIII:**

**INTEGER PROGRAMMING:** Gomory’s cutting plane method, Branch and bound method.

**Text Books:**

1. S.S.Rao, "Engineering optimization: Theory and practice", New Age International (P) Limited, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2004.

**Reference Books:**

1. K.V. Mital and C. Mohan "Optimization Methods in Operations Research and systems Analysis", New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 1996.
2. Kanthi Swarup, P.K.Gupta and Man Mohan" Operations Research", Sultan Chand & Sons New Delhi, Fourteenth Edition, 2008.



## SWITCHGEAR AND PROTECTION

**Course Code: AEE 1118**

L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

### **Aim:**

To familiarize the students in Electromagnetic, Static and Microprocessor based protection of Power System.

### **Objective:**

This course introduces all types of Circuit Breakers and Relays for protection of Generators, Transformers and feeder bus bars from over voltages and other hazards. Also introduces the introductory of static and Microprocessor relays. It emphasis on Neutral grounding, mechanical relays and online protection.

### **UNIT – I:**

**CIRCUIT BREAKERS-I:** Principle of operation – RRRV – Current chopping. Circuit Breaker ratings and specifications. Testing of Circuit Breakers.

### **UNIT –II:**

**CIRCUIT BREAKERS-II:** Constructional features and selection of LT breakers (MCB/MCCB/ELCB) and HT breakers (ABCB-OCB-SF<sub>6</sub> CB-VCB).

### **UNIT – III:**

**PROTECTIVE RELAYS-I:** Electromagnetic Relays: Principle of Operation and Construction of Attracted armature, Balanced Beam, induction Disc and Induction Cup relays. Relays Classification: Instantaneous, DMT and IDMT types. Application of relays: Over current, Under voltage, Directional, Differential and Percentage Differential.

### **UNIT – IV:**

**PROTECTIVE RELAYS-II:** Universal Torque Equation, Distance relays: Impedance, Reactance and Mho and Off-Set Mho relays,

Characteristics of Distance Relays and Comparison. Static Relays, Static Relays verses Electromagnetic Relays. Microprocessor Based Relays: impedance, directional, reactance, Mho & offset Mho and mathematical expression for distance relay.

#### **UNIT – V:**

**GENERATOR PROTECTION:** Protection of Generators against Stator faults, Rotor faults, and Abnormal Conditions. Restricted Earth Fault and Inter-Turn fault Protection. Numerical Problems on % Winding Unprotected.

#### **UNIT –VI:**

**TRANSFORMER PROTECTION:** Percentage Differential Protection, Numerical Problems on Design of CT's Ratio, BUCHHOLTZ Relay Protection.

#### **UNIT –VII:**

**FEEDER AND BUS-BAR PROTECTION:** Protection of Lines: Over Current, Carrier Current and Three-zone Distance Relay Protection using Impedance Relays. Translay Relay.

Protection of Bus bars – Differential protection.

#### **UNIT – VIII:**

**GROUNDING TECHNIQUES & OVER VOLTAGE PROTECTIONS:** Grounded and Ungrounded Neutral Systems. Effects of Ungrounded Neutral on system performance. Methods of Neutral Grounding, Arcing Grounds and Grounding Practices.

Protection against Over Voltages- Volt-Time Characteristics- Valve type and Zinc-Oxide Lighting Arresters - Insulation Coordination-BIL, Impulse Ratio, Standard Impulse Test Wave.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Sunil S Rao, 'Switchgear Protection and Power Systems', Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 11th Edition, 1999.
2. Badri Ram, Viswakarma.D.N. 'Power System Protection and Switchgear', TMH Publications, 2001.

## References:

1. T. S. Madhav Rao, ‘Power System Protection Static relays with Microprocessor Applications’, TMH Publication, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2006.
2. C R Mason, ‘Art & Science of Protective Relaying’, Wiley Eastern Ltd.  
URL: <http://www.gedigitalenergy.com/multilin/notes/artsci/index.htm>.
3. C.L. Wadhwa, ‘Electrical Power Systems’, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2009.
4. B.L. Soni, Gupta, Bhatnagar, Chakrabarthy, ‘A Text book on Power System Engineering’, Dhanpat Rai & Co, 2008.



## MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

**Course Code: AHM 1101**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>

### **OBJECTIVE:**

To explain the basic principles of managerial economics, accounting practices and financial management techniques for effective business decision making and to promote entrepreneurial abilities among budding engineers.

### **OUTCOME:**

To understand the economic environment and to give an idea on various accounting and financial management techniques for effective utilization of economic resources.

### **UNIT – I:**

**INTRODUCTION TO MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS:** Definition, Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics, Demand Analysis, Demand Determinants, Law of Demand and its exceptions

### **UNIT – II:**

#### **ELASTICITY OF DEMAND AND DEMAND FORECASTING:**

Definition, Types, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand Demand Forecasting, Factors governing demand forecasting, Methods of demand forecasting (Survey method, Statistical method, Expert opinion method, Test marketing, Controlled experiment, Judgmental approach).

### **UNIT – III:**

#### **THEORY OF PRODUCTION AND COST ANALYSIS:**

Production Function – Isoquants and Isocosts, Laws of returns, Internal and External Economies of Scale Cost Analysis: Types of Costs, Break Even Analysis (BEA) – Determination of Break Even Point (Simple numerical problems) – managerial significance and limitations of BEA.

**UNIT- IV:**

**INTRODUCTION TO MARKETS:** Market Structures: Types of competition, features of perfect competition, monopoly and monopolistic competition, price output determination in case of perfect competition and monopoly.

**UNIT – V:**

**FORMS OF BUSINESS ORGANIZATIONS:** Features of Business, Advantages, Limitations of Sole Proprietorship, Partnership and Joint Stock Company, Types of companies – Features of Public and Private limited companies.

**UNIT – VI:**

**INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING:** Accounting: Principles, concepts, conventions, double entry book keeping, Journal, Ledger Trial Balance, Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments, international financial reporting standards (simple numerical problems).

**UNIT –VII:**

**FINANCIAL ANALYSIS THROUGH RATIOS:** Introduction, Advantages and limitations, Computation, Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity ratios, Activity ratios, Solvency ratios and Profitability ratios (simple numerical problems).

**UNIT –VIII:**

**BUDGETING AND CAPITAL BUDGETING:** Introduction to Budgeting: Production budget, Flexible budget and Cash budget Definition, nature and scope of capital budgeting, features of capital budgeting proposals, methods of capital budgeting: Traditional and discounted methods (simple numerical problems).

**Text Books:**

1. A R Aryasri, “Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis”, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2009.
2. Siddiqui & Siddiqui, “Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, New Age Publishers, 2005.

## References:

RL Varshney and KL Maheswari, “Managerial Economics”, 19<sup>th</sup> Edition, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2007.

D Ragnunath Reddy & M V Narasimha Chary, “Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, SciTech Publishers , 2008.

Dwivedi , “Managerial Economics”, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Vikas Publishers, 2009.

PK Sharma and Shashi K Gupta, “Management Accounting”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Kalyani Publishers, 2002.

S P Jain and K L Narang, “Financial Accounting”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Kalyani Publishers, 2002.

S N Maheswari & S K Maheswari, “Financial Accounting”, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Vikas Publishers, 2006.

P L Mehta , “Managerial Economics”, 15<sup>th</sup> Edition, Sultan Chand, 2010.



## AC MACHINES LAB

**Course Code: AEE1119**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

### **Aim:**

To introduce the basic concepts of A.C Machines

### **Objective:**

The lab is intended for the students to get hands on experience in dealing with AC Machines.

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

1. O.C. & S.C. Tests on Single phase Transformer
2. Sumpner's test on a pair of single phase transformers
3. Scott connection of transformers
4. No-load & Blocked rotor tests on three phase Induction motor
5. Regulation of a three –phase alternator by synchronous impedance & m.m.f. methods
6. V and Inverted V curves of a three—phase synchronous motor.
7. Equivalent Circuit of a single phase induction motor
8. Determination of  $X_d$  and  $X_q$  of a salient pole synchronous machine

**In addition to the above eight experiments, at least any two of the following experiments are required to be conducted from the following list:**

9. Parallel operation of Single phase Transformers
10. Separation of core losses of a single phase transformer
11. Brake test on three phase Induction Motor
12. Regulation of three-phase alternator by Z.P.F method
13. Efficiency of a three-phase alternator
14. Heat run test on a bank of 3 Nos. of single phase Delta connected transformers
15. Measurement of sequence impedance of a three-phase alternator.

## POWER ELECTRONICS AND DRIVES LAB

**Course code: AEE1120**

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	2

### AIM:

To introduce the basic concepts of Power Electronics and Drives.

### OBJECTIVE:

The lab is intended for the students to get hands on experience in dealing with power semiconductor devices and converter circuits.

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments

1. Study of Characteristics of SCR, MOSFET & IGBT
2. Gate firing circuits for SCR's
3. Single Phase AC Voltage Controller with R and RL Loads
4. Single Phase fully controlled bridge converter with R and RL loads
5. Forced Commutation circuits ( Class A, Class B, Class C, Class D & Class E)
6. DC Jones chopper with R and RL Loads
7. Single Phase Parallel inverter with R and RL loads
8. Single Phase Cycloconverter with R and RL loads
9. PSPICE simulation of single-phase full converter using RLE load.
10. PSPICE simulation of Single phase AC voltage controller using RL load.

In addition to the above ten experiments at least any two of the experiments from the following list are required to be conducted:

11. PSPICE simulation of single phase Inverter with PWM control

12. PSPICE simulation of Resonant pulse commutation circuit and Buck chopper
13. Single Phase Half controlled converter with R and RLE load.
14. Three Phase fully controlled bridge converter with R-load.
15. Single Phase series inverter with R and RL loads.
16. Speed Control of D.C. motor using dual converter.
17. IGBT based PWM Inverter
18. V/ F control of induction motor using voltage source Inverter.



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